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Is it your ambition to travel?
Why not save the requisite
funds for a trip out of your earn-
ings? Open a Savings Account
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When you travel use our
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449

UNION BANK OF CANADA

Chinook Branch
Cereal Branch

W. A. Cruickshank, Manager
J. Jack, Manager

Spring Hats

We have just received our Spring Order of Men's
Ladies, Boy's Girls, and Kiddies' Hats.

You will find this assortment one of the best ever
placed before you in Chinook. We are delighted to be
able to inform the public that the prices are also greatly
reduced, and the quality better than in previous years.

Rubbers!

Now is the time to fit yourselves and your Chil-
dren with Rubbers. We have the best quality and the
lowest prices in town. Get our prices before you buy.

Groceries!

We still have, as usual, the lowest prices in town
on anything and everything in the Grocery line, as our
increasing business proves. Are YOU getting your
groceries at the right price? If not give us a trial.

J. M. Montgomery

"The Store that Saves You Money"

Big Reductions IN Harness, Saddles, Collars and Pads

We handle the famous Griffith's Halter at the right price.

See our Goat Hair Sweat Pads.

Chinook Harness Shop
S. H. SMITH, Prop.

GROCERIES

We always have a
Full Stock of Fresh Groceries
And our prices are reasonable.

Fruits In Season Confectionery

Chinook Produce Co.
H. Meade, Prop.

Local and General

Happenings Here, There and Everywhere, Past Present and Future

Mr. William Lee, who has been
spending the winter in California,
returned to Chinook on Saturday

Four new municipal hospital
districts were established in Al-
berta last year, four were ratified
by votes of ratepayers, and eight
were in operation. Several new
districts will be organized this
year.

We wonder if Chinook will be
one of these new districts!

Mrs. R. Bray, of Sibbald, was
the guest of Mr. and Mrs. M. L.
Chapman this week.

Mr. Thomas Gilbertson made
business trip to Calgary last week.

Mr. Oliver Knight is making
arrangements to open up a vul-
canizing shop on Main Street.

Nearly 700 men and women
attended Alberta's govern-
ment agricultural schools this last
winter.

Mr. and Mrs. R. R. Dunn left
on Saturday for Calgary accom-
panied by their baby daughter
who will undergo medical treat-
ment.

Rev. J. R. Geeson, of Youngs-
town, preached a very impressive
sermon on Christian missions last
Sunday evening in the Chinook
church, when a large congrega-
tion was present. There was a
liberal response to his appeal for
this fund and nearly \$100 was
subscribed.

Miss Jessie Morrison, of Col-
linsville, who has been attending
the Nazarene College in Calgary
for the last three months, returned
Thursday.

It has been announced at Ed-
monton that the wages for farm
help in Alberta during the spring
and summer will be \$50.00 a
month, with board and lodging.

Mrs. D. V. Boyer left last
week for Morrin, where she will
visit her daughter, Mrs. E. F.
Barth.

Mr. J. P. Watson, who has been
on the staff of The Calgary Al-
bertan, returned to his farm north
of town on Saturday.

Mr. J. M. Smith left for Van-
couver Tuesday morning.

We are informed that the base-
ball enthusiasts are preparing for
the season's play and arranging
for a meeting to be held in the
near future.

Services will be commenced at
Big Spring next Sunday, April
17, at 3 p.m.

A very severe snow storm
swept over this district last week.
For two whole days it snowed
and was accompanied by a terrific
gale which piled the snow into
drifts as high as ten feet. As a
result of this storm, farming op-
erations have been delayed, and
it is thought that the farmers in
this district will not start seeding
till the middle of next week.

C. N. R. Engineer Killed Near Chinook

Faswell Smith, of Hanna, a
Canadian National Railway en-
gineer, was instantly killed, on
Thursday evening of last week,
about three miles east of Chinook,
when the mixed train from Kin-
dersley plunged into the rear of
the caboose, in which he was sit-
ting, completely demolishing it.
There was a heavy storm raging
at the time, the snow having
drifted as high as 14 feet in places.
Engineer Smith and his crew
were travelling with only the ca-
boose when about three miles
from Chinook they stuck in a
snow drift. The conductor was
sent back to flag the train, but the
storm was so severe that the Kin-
dersley train did not get the sig-
nal and crashed into the caboose
of the other train. The engineer
was in the caboose drying his
clothes at the time. The fireman
was in the engine and escaped in-
jury.

The body was taken to Hanna
the following morning where an
inquest was held.

School Meeting

Quite a large gathering of rate
payers met last Saturday after-
noon for the purpose of discuss-
ing the financing of the Chinook
School.

The chairman, Mr. Rideout,
stated plainly the position the
School Board was in, and unless
they could raise a loan the school
would have to be closed.

It was the general feeling of
the meeting that to close the
school would be calamity, and if at
all possible to try and make some
arrangements so that they could
keep the school open till July 1st

After a good deal of discussion
it was decided to ask the teachers
and van drivers to, accept the
Boards's note to cover a portion
of their salary till July 1st, which
they agreed to do.

With the beginning of April
active organization is underway
throughout the whole of Canada
for the forth coming Red Cross
membership enrollment and this
month will witness extensive ac-
tivity in every province in prepa-
ration for the simultaneous effort
to list every man, woman and
child in the Dominion of Canada
as a member of the Red Cross
Society. In the western prov-
inces the week of June 6 to 11
has been selected as the date of
the enrollment canvass. In some
parts of the eastern provinces the
canvass will take place during the
last week of May.

M. J. HEWITT
Notary Public, Insurance of all kinds
And Loans

Agent for Imperial Oil
Collections Given the Best of Attention
I have now a supply of
1921 Auto License Plates
CHINOOK ALBERTA.



For Choice Cuts of
FRESH BEEF,
PORK or
MUTTON
call at the

CHINOOK MEAT MARKET

Smoked Meats

Burn's Shamrock Hams and
Bacon. Swift's Premium Hams
and Bacon.

A Good Supply Always on Hand.

O. HINDS, Prop'r

Drills, Cultivators, Gang Plows and Discs. We handle the
Ball Dog Fanning Mill

A. McAlister

Agent for I.H.C. Farm Implements

Why We Sell "Auto-Shoes"

We have been in the tire business a good
while. We have sold them all. We know
the "stayers"—the tires that give mileage,
that are dependable, that never vary in
performance.

We put Ames Holden "Auto-Shoes" in
that class and we know that once you
fit a set you will come to us regularly for
them.

Because they are real value—mileage that
costs less—dependable tires, made by a
dependable firm, guaranteed to the last
shred.

If our roads are knocking the "stuffing" out of
your tires come to us and let us fit your car with
a set of Ames Holden "Auto-Shoes." You'll be
quite satisfied with your investment.

AMES HOLDEN
"AUTO-SHOES"

Cord and Fabric Tires in all Standard Sizes

Service Garage

CHINOOK, Alta. Phone 10



Canada's Railway Problem

Canada has a goodly number of problems awaiting solution on her hands at present, but it is doubtful if any one presents greater difficulties, or is fraught with such danger to the country if not solved, than the National Railways. The annual deficit is so staggering—amounting to almost as much as the total revenue of the Dominion only a comparatively few years before the war—and is increasing rather than diminishing, notwithstanding the heavy advances in passenger and freight rates, that the people have real cause for concern.

Nothing is to be gained now by trying to saddle the responsibility for policies which have resulted in the present deplorable situation, as many early politicians are persisting in endeavoring to do. Each of the two political parties which have guided the national policies of Canada in the past have a share of that responsibility to carry. Both inaugurated policies and encouraged the building of thousands of miles of at present unprofitable lines, no doubt with the best intentions and in an honest and sincere desire to develop the vast resources of the Dominion. Perhaps, not least of all, the people are themselves to blame because they demanded the construction of these lines, and approved and supported the Governments which provided for them.

It is no use crying over spilt milk. The situation exists, the problem has been created, intensified and made the more difficult because of the war. It must now be faced and a solution found.

That solution is not to be found in political bickering, but in a united and patriotic determination to get at the rock bottom facts. When a man is desperately sick, the first important thing is a thorough diagnosis of the case, and, if it is discovered that a severe operation is necessary, to apply the knife with courage and determination. The same thing holds true of the National Railways. If there is mismanagement, waste and extravagance, it must be cut out; if there is a lack of good judgment shown in financial management, or in the operation of the road, there must be improvement brought about without loss of time; if the service given the public is not such as to merit confidence and attract business which ought to be had, then the service must be improved and made to command public support.

But it is becoming more and more apparent that these things alone will not have the effect of completely wiping out the annually recurring deficits. First and foremost, all such needed reforms must be effected, but there must be something even more constructive in order to build up the National Railways. To state it concisely, the Federal Government, assisted by all the Provincial Governments, must bring into effect policies that will have the effect of building up Canada and thus build up the National Railways. In other words, the most far-seeing policies must be evolved to encourage and speed up the development for use of the natural resources of Canada from the Atlantic to the Pacific.

Only through the development of our resources can business be created in enormous volume to provide that increase in traffic which will put the railways upon a firm financial foundation. Increases in rates, up to a certain point, may produce more revenue, but raised beyond that point and the effect is loss of revenue because of an even greater loss of traffic. It is open to question whether railway rates have not already been increased beyond the point where they are operating to increase revenue, but are rather adding to the debit side of the railway ledger.

The statement will hardly be challenged that, at the present time, the Federal Parliament is doing little or nothing towards developing the rich natural resources of the Dominion. Rather it is "marking time" on the question. Ontario, with its development of the hydro system, and Quebec, with its progressive Provincial policies for better highways and scientific agricultural development, are doing more for the enrichment of Canada today by the utilization of natural resources than anything the Federal Parliament is attempting. The development of the natural resources of these Western Provinces is largely at a standstill, while Federal and Provincial authorities debate the question of ownership and control of those resources. The Provinces cannot proceed to develop them because they have no control over them; the Federal Government is not doing so, pending a decision as to the terms and conditions of transfer of such resources to the Provinces.

In the meantime, untold wealth lies dormant, and thousands of miles of railway are languishing for traffic they cannot get because it does not exist because of non-development of the resources of the country through which the railways operate. Yet they must operate even though it be at a loss because people have located, few in number though they may be, along these railways and they must be served with mails and the means of transportation for themselves and such few products as they have to ship out and such supplies as they require to bring in.

Fair Wage for Farm Labor

Farmers of Alberta Send Out Questionnaire to Its Representative Members.

The United Farmers of Alberta sent out a questionnaire to a number of its representative members in different localities respecting their views on a fair wage to farm help this year. About 55 per cent. favors \$40 per month and board as standard recompense, 10 per cent. favored \$50 and board, and 35 per cent. ranged between \$30 and \$75 with board, the majority favoring the lower figure.

A Prime Dressing for Wounds.—In some factories and workshops carbolic acid is kept for use in cauterizing wounds and cuts sustained by the workmen. Far better to keep on hand a bottle of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. It is just as quick in action and does not scar the skin or burn the flesh.

The Chinese, of all peoples, attach most importance to etiquette, their Book of Rites dating back to the first century before the Christian era.

There's More Than Flavor

Many foods, while pleasing to taste, contain but little nourishment.

Grape-Nuts

combines with its rich, sweet flavor the full nutriment of wheat and malted barley which makes it an ideal food.

It has been the favorite ready-to-eat cereal for a quarter of a century.

"There's a Reason"

Constipation and Sluggish Liver

Don't take chances. Get Carter's Little Liver Pills right now. They never fail to cure. They relieve constipation, build up digestion, drive out biliousness, stop dizziness, clear the complexion, put a new glow on the cheek and sparkle in the eye. Be sure and get the genuine.

Small Pill—Small Dose—Small Price

Dining Room Niceties

BY LORETTO C. LYNCH
An Acknowledged Expert in All Matters Pertaining to Household Management.

"Let's drop in here to-night for a bite—this place looks so inviting." Thus spoke a young woman to her escort.

Now about the home restaurant—the family dining room. Do you try to have all the niceties of the dining room in your home?

In one home, where no attention was paid to looks, the daughter and I bought some linen table cloths—small ones, that just fitted the table. We bought some napkins to match. And we picked out half a dozen pieces of plain white china.

Then we bought half a dozen knives, forks and spoons in a standard pattern so that it might be ordered in other pieces as need or desire arose.

We bought some stemmed water glasses, a delight to look upon. And in the same shop we came upon a plain cloth green lustreless fern dish. We had it filled for fifty cents at the florist's with a collection of dainty little ferns. We selected in another shop ten sets of dainty little salt and pepper sprinklers in glass with silver tops.

Later I had occasion to drop into that same home at dinner time. The table was daintily set out. Set for just two. The pretty little fern was surrounded by four pink-cakes in glass holders. Daughter did the table setting and the cooking of the simple meal for that was part of the agreement. And appetite had improved many per cent. And both were so much happier.

There are other folks whose service in the dining room is, perhaps, not quite so much below par as this had been. But it might be well to look into the matter. The shops are showing so many, many attractive things for the dining room.

One shop is showing an electric percolator that's miles ahead of the old-time coffee pot which some cling to just because they have never thought about getting a more attractive, more up-to-date one. Look over the old things and if you are interested in your home, plan to put into it from time to time some of these dining room niceties.

Miller's Worm Powders will clear the stomach and bowels of worms, so that the child will no more be troubled by their presence. The powders are sweet to the taste and no child will object to taking them. They are non-injurious in this composition, and while in some cases they may cause vomiting, that must not be taken as a sign that they are nauseating, but as an indication of their effective work.

Many Farm Laborers Required. Between 4,000 and 5,000 farm laborers will be required on Saskatchewan farms this spring, according to the Superintendent of the Employment Bureau of Labor and Industries. Already over 1,500 orders for farm help have been received by the various offices of the Saskatchewan Government Employment Service. These orders have been placed in advance for help that will be required in April, when it is expected seeding will be in sight.

Survey of Areas in Prairie Provinces. The surveyed area in Manitoba amounted to 35,479,517 acres; in Saskatchewan, 78,954,281 acres; in Alberta, 85,323,466 acres, making a total of 199,757,264 acres surveyed in the three prairie provinces.

A New Bee In England. A strange new bee, pitch black and of large proportions, has been found in Hertfordshire. Both the insect and the nest are curious and have never been found in England before.

One British military cemetery in France, just outside Boulogne, contains nearly 12,000 graves.

The Key Industry

Of Highest Importance That The Agriculturist's Occupation Should Be Made Profitable.

The agriculturist is the one man in the cosmic scheme of things whom society cannot afford to see "lose" on his job. He is pre-eminent in the "key industry" that must be kept going though the rest of the world is temporarily obliged to shut up shop. It is, therefore, of the highest importance that the agriculturist's occupation should be made as consistently profitable as it is possible for governmental policy and human pressure to make it. To stabilize his calling in this respect is to take a long step toward the stabilization of world industry—the supreme need today of our sadly shattered civilization.—Bretton Free Press.

YOUNG LADIES, READ THIS

If you are bothered with pimples, rashes and ugly blotches on your face if your complexion is sallow, it's an evidence that you require Dr. Hamilton's Pills to tone up the blood. One of these splendid regulating pills makes a complexion like peach bloom—cheeks soon become rosy, eyes bright, you regain the pleasure of healthy, look and feel well because you use Dr. Hamilton's Pills of Mandrake and Butternut, 25c at all dealers or The Catharticon Co., Montreal.

It is an odd coincidence that King George and his four sons, the Prince of Wales, Prince Albert, Prince Henry and Prince George, were all born on a Saturday.

One of the commonest complaints of infants is worms, and the most effective application for them is Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator.

Milk Factory for Chilliwack. A factory for the manufacture of powdered milk will be erected in Chilliwack, B.C., shortly. It will have a capacity of 80,000 pounds daily, sufficient to handle the entire output of the district. It is expected to be in operation by May 15th.

NEW STRENGTH FOR VICTIMS OF ANAEMIA

Loss of Strength Follows When the Blood Becomes Thin.

Anaemia is the medical term for thin, watery blood. The sufferer loses strength, becomes short of breath and complains of palpitation of the heart after the slightest exertion, such as walking up stairs. The lightest task becomes a burden. There is a loss of ambition, the victim loses weight and as the disease progresses the affected individual's color fades from cheeks and lips and fainting spells may occur.

Anaemia is not a disease that corrects itself, as it unchecked it progresses steadily. But it can be cured by good food, fresh air and a proper tonic for the blood. As the blood becomes rich and red under this treatment, the symptoms disappear as in the case of Miss Evelyn Joyner, Westville, N.S., whose mother says: "Almost from infancy my daughter was very delicate, and was often under the doctor's care. As her father had died of consumption my friends feared she would fall a victim to that dread disease. As the years went by and she was merging into womanhood all principal capitals. It will have four pages and will contain advertising as well as 'feature' articles.

Back of the project say that the public is so dependent on newspapers that there is a field for such a service as they propose, but that if the present newspaper service is to be improved it can be achieved only by the use of the airplanes.

Reeking Houses For Employees. Several Edmonton firms have under consideration the erection of houses for employees, the number of dwellings so contemplated being about twenty-five. They will average in price from \$3,000 to \$3,500.

Novoa Scotia Aples. During the month of February 1906, 993 barrels of apples were shipped from Halifax, Nova Scotia, principally to the British Isles. This brings the total shipment of the season to 839,606 barrels which is almost double that for the same period last season when 432,825 barrels were shipped. The season's shipment may possibly reach the million mark.

In former times the aldermen and councillors of the city of London included many snuff-takers, and in the library of the Guildhall, free snuff is still supplied to members. It is placed in an ornate snuffbox with a magnificent jewelled lid and handle.

Minard's Liniment For Dandruff. W. N. U. 1363

World Happenings Briefly Told

The denationalization of Russian industries in order to permit of the exploitation of various works by foreign concessionaires, will begin with the British-owned properties.

"Canadian coal for Canadian consumers," was the slogan put forward by the standing committee of the Commons on the future coal supply of the Dominion.

Sarah Bernhardt appeared recently in London with her company at the Prince's Theatre in the title role of Louis Verneuil's play "Daniel." Madame Bernhardt received an ovation.

Eight persons were killed and many were injured in La Paz, Bolivia, when Lieut. Baudron, a French army aviator, lost control of his airplane during an exhibition flight and plunged into a crowd.

The Montreal Board of Trade unanimously disapproves of any attempt to stop diversion of wheat from Winnipeg to Quebec to Winnipeg-New York by means of a special rate on the Canadian Railways.

The reply of the United States to Germany on the reparations question has given the greatest satisfaction to French official circles. It is regarded as finally closing the doors to all escape for Germany from avoiding responsibility under the peace treaty.

Greek Archeologists have unearthed an imposing temple at Kooras, Thessaly. The structure is in an excellent state of preservation and is stated to be as large as the temple of Jupiter at Olympia. The bronze inscriptions establish the date of 400 years B.C.

Heart Disease Relieved in 10 Minutes. Dr. Agnew's Remedy for the Heart gives perfect relief in all cases of Organic or Functional Heart Disease in 10 minutes, and speedily effects a cure. It is a powerful remedy for Palpitation, Shortness of Breath, Smothering Spells, Pain in Left Side, and all symptoms of a diseased heart. One dose cures.

An Aerial Newspaper

Edited, Printed and Published From Airplane in Flight.

The latest thing in the field of journalism is the Aerial Mail, a daily newspaper, which is edited, printed and published from an airplane in flight. The Daily Mail, which is sponsoring it, says it will contain the latest British and Continental news, political, financial and general, reported both at the moment the airplane "takes off" and while it is flying, the news being sent by wireless. A special printing plant has been installed and newspapers will be distributed by means of parachutes dropping the editions into the towns the airplane flies over. There probably will be editions for Boulogne, Rouen and Amiens, as well as for Paris and London.

Airplanes will leave Paris and London daily, the one leaving Paris to print the Aerial Mail in English and the one from London to print it in French. The newspaper will contain market quotations, racing results and note at least general news of all principal capitals. It will have four pages and will contain advertising as well as "feature" articles.

Back of the project say that the public is so dependent on newspapers that there is a field for such a service as they propose, but that if the present newspaper service is to be improved it can be achieved only by the use of the airplanes.

Erecting Houses For Employees.

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Minard's Liniment For Dandruff. W. N. U. 1363



Warming relief for rheumatic aches.

It's just used Sloan's Liniment and the quick relief brought a smile of pleasure to his face. Good for aches resulting from weather exposure, sprains, strains, lame back, overworked muscles. Penetrates without rubbing. All druggists have it. (Made in Canada)

Sloan's Liniment (Patented)

To Europe via Panama

Passenger Steamer Excursion from Vancouver to Liverpool.

Arrangements are being made to run a passenger steamer excursion from Vancouver to Liverpool and other European ports this summer, the journey being made via the Panama Canal. According to the steamship agents who are arranging the details of this trip, it will cost \$300 for one-way passage, or \$550 return, the home journey being to some Atlantic port and thence by rail to the British Columbia. This will be the first time that a passenger steamer has sailed for Europe from Vancouver. It is expected that approximately 300 persons will undertake the journey.

Minard's Liniment for Sale Everywhere.

American Farmers For West.

Fifty American farmers arrived in Winnipeg recently from Iowa, Minnesota, North and South Dakota, Illinois and Wisconsin en route to western points, the majority of whom emigrated to Canada as a result of having friends in the west. They claim a large number of farmers in the United States are contemplating coming to Canada as soon as present holdings can be disposed of.

The man whose only thought is for himself has little use for brains.

THAT SUDDEN Sharp Pain

which you experience at times can be removed. No woman has the right to suffer from such pain. You can obtain relief safely, certainly and promptly. Suppose you do have head-aches, back-aches, rheumatism, nervousness, low-spirits and general good-for-nothing feelings at times? Your case is not hopeless. Try Doctor Pierce's Favorite Prescription. Sold by druggists in liquid or tablets, or send 10c to Dr. Pierce's Invalids' Hotel in Buffalo, N. Y., for a trial package. Made in Canada. Aspirin is this woman's savior.

LONDON, Ont.—In my early married life I was very frail and delicate. I was feeling exceedingly weak and miserable when a friend advised me to take a bottle of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. From the very start I felt new strength and vitality. I am always grateful for what Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription has done for me and will always be pleased to recommend it.—Mrs. John Taylor, 120 Ann Street.

ASPIRIN

Only "Bayer" is Genuine



Warning! Take no chances with substitutes for genuine "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin." Unless you see the name "Bayer" on package or on tablets you are not getting Aspirin. In every Bayer package are directions for Colds, Headache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Earache, Toothache, Lumbago and for Flu. Handy tin boxes of twelve tablets cost few cents. Druggists also sell larger packages. Made in Germany. Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada), of Bayer Manufacture of Monocetio-acidester of Salicylicacid.

Old Fort Ellis and Sioux Indians

Crossing the Plains to Fort Carlton
Summer 1875.

By O-G-E-MAS-ES (Little Clerk).

(Copyrighted)

(Continued)

Well, I at last had reached a real plain fort, and though I headed this article Fort Ellis it has taken some time to get there. But my readers must understand when an old-timer sits down to recall old events, reminiscences pour over him like a flood, and he is apt to wander from his subject, so please forgive me when I do this, and don't expect too much from the "Men Who Showed the Way."

Fort Ellis was a thoroughly well-built post for defence against hostile Indians, having a sixteen foot palisade with corner bastions and a walk around near the top of the wall which it impervious to savage attack. It was very picturesquely situated on the high bank of the Assiniboia River and commanded a beautiful view on all sides. Chief Factor Archie McDonald, a stern old martinet, was in charge. His wife was a sister of the well-known Sheriff Inkster and I have pleasant recollections of her kindness to the young clerk. My rather dreaded interview with the chief was over, and I was told to make myself useful in the trading store until such time as council decided my fate. Then it might be James Bay or Hudson's Bay, Mackenzie River or New Caledonia, but what did we care, the Great West was before us and adventure filled our souls.

Shortly after my arrival some very unwelcome visitors arrived from across the American boundary in the shape of some three hundred Sioux Indians. They had been fighting with the Yankees as usual and retreated into British territory. Fierce looking chaps, simply clad in a breech-cloth and buffalo robe, well armed and numbers of white scalps amongst them. One old devil said, "several of us were killed by the long hair, but he belonged to white women. But what interested one of the young McKay's (my fellow clerk) and myself was the fact of two white girls, both wives of the old interpreter, who were evidently of Scandinavian birth, having fair hair and blue eyes. Poor things, they were Sioux in everything but their birth, and had evidently been stolen, probably in the great Minnesota massacre, where no doubt there parents had been killed. They were certainly under twenty years of age and quite attractive in appearance. Mr. Interpreter, however, kept a very careful eye on them, so we had no opportunity even for a mild flirtation, and then we neither of us could speak a word of Sioux.

These Indians demanded provisions from the company, as they were living on dogs and gophers with an occasional pony for a feast. But the chief would not give them, as they had neither furs or robes to trade. Finally he gave them some work in building a long causeway to a hay swamp, for which they were to receive pay daily in flour and pemican. Several of the men lost the job, but being warriors they considered it infra dig to work, so set the women

at it, and famous workers they were. Every night it was McKay's duty and mine to weigh out to each woman her individual pay in provisions, and there being a number of them this took some time.

Chief Factor McDonald had to leave on a short inspection trip, and before starting left strict orders with his second in command to be extremely careful in dealing with the Sioux, and this was needed, for we mustered only seven white men and of them there were three hundred, well named by the Kitchi-Moko-mons (Indian name for Yankees, meaning Big Knives), the Tigers of the Plains. Fort Ellis was the headquarters of the Swan River district with many posts, and one evening as the Indian workers had come in for their pay, a clerk rode in from an outpost, unfortunately under the influence of liquor. He had that failing when drink was available, and on this occasion he had met some miners on the trail who were too generous with some alcohol. Most of the Sioux women had been paid off, and one of these (a chief's wife) rather a handsome young creature, was standing in the square, no doubt waiting for her friends. Mr. McDonald had tied up his horse, and seeing this woman alone reeled over to her, grabbed her by the heavy cloth skirt pulled it over her head, and began to whip her bare person with his riding whip. Some of the other women ran to her help and managed to loose his hold. By this time, hearing the row, we had run out from the shop. The woman's face was a sight. She certainly looked murder and sudden death, while pouring out a torrent of Sioux words. Then with the others, they went running for the Sioux encampment, giving what we knew afterwards to be the Sioux war cry.

Out came the man like a swarm of bees, grabbing whatever weapon came to hand, her husband being prominent. As she met him, no doubt she told him of the dreadful insult (for there is no greater crime with an Indian either male or female than exposing their nakedness). Mr. Clark, in his drunken fashion, had ran after the women, while the company's men who were hurrying up, were endeavoring to get the b-g-gates closed. It was too late. Fortunately we had two old timers who had often wintered on the plains and they grabbed Mr. — and hid him in a safe spot. Within a few moments the inside of the square was full of a yelling mob of armed and naked Sioux giving their thrilling war cry, "Yallahalla." One most ferocious looking devil grabbed me by the hair and swung me off my feet, while his tomahawk was playing circles round my head. Goudie Harper, one of our old plainsmen, had told us on no account to resist, but to just put our hands down and take it. This I did, and finally some older heads amongst them came in and began to quiet the young warriors who were evidently thirsting for blood, especially for Mr. —, who was the cause of the trouble.

(To be continued)

Looks for Higher Freight Rates

Chairman of Railway Commission
Advocates Immediate Adjustment
With Labor.

Vancouver.—Only by dispensing with unnecessary train services and by reducing wages, can freight rates be brought down, Hon. F. B. Carvell, chairman of the Dominion Railway Commission, told members of the Kivans Club, in addressing them here.

"We have built too many railways. There is too much duplication of services. These must be cut down, and the problem is where to begin. The people want lower freight rates, but they will not permit us to cut off costly Sunday trains without a howl of protest. The country must make up its mind that some services must be foregone if rates are ever to come down," he said.

"Next to the unnecessary train services," he continued, "the greatest factor in maintaining high rates are the wages which have to be paid as the result of the McAdoo award of 1918, and the Chicago award of July, 1920. There are station agents on the Canadian National railways whose wages are from \$120 to \$225 a month, but who are making from \$75 to \$125 a week as the result of overtime."

"If the public is willing to have these things go on, then it cannot look for any decrease in freight rates. Not only this, but I have no hesitation in saying that rates will have to go higher yet." The railways simply cannot make ends meet on even the present high rates, if they have to operate unnecessary trains and pay such exorbitant wages," Mr. Carvell declared.

Vindicates Transcontinental

Division of Traffic Now Going
Through U.S. Is Sought By
Senate.

Ottawa.—The Senate discussed the National Transcontinental Railway and the diversion of Canadian grain through United States ports. Although no definite action was taken in the latter regard, there was general approval of the necessity of immediate investigation into such diversion. The subject arose in continued debate on the export trade of Quebec. Senator Lorne Webster said that the contract between the National Transcontinental and the City of Quebec, made in 1904 and confirmed in 1910 was unfulfilled.

The Transcontinental had reduced the distance between Quebec and Winnipeg by 200 miles and had also reduced the grades. Since 1916, however, not a bushel of grain had come over the line to Quebec.

The water and rail rate from Winnipeg to New York was 33¢ per bushel and all-rail from Winnipeg to Quebec was 36¢. In recent years there has been shipped from the west 1,896,000 bushels of grain and of this amount 518,000,000 bushels had gone via New York. Of the remainder, a great deal was manufactured into flour, leaving only a small quantity to export through Canadian ports. This discrimination was unfair, as the Canadian water routes had been made perfectly safe by aids to navigation. The matter called for immediate investigation.

Senator J. P. B. Casgrain said that the debate vindicated the policy of the construction of the Transcontinental Railway. That railway had shortened the mileage between Winnipeg and Quebec by 220 miles, and shortened the time of travel by 14 hours, and was one of the greatest railways in the world. It should be utilized to a greater extent and there should be less talk about the "trazy scheme of deepening the St. Lawrence channel."

Veterans Make Request

Full Army Pay Is Now Urged For
Jobless Soldiers.

Ottawa.—Payment by the Government of army pay and allowances to all unemployed ex-service men, until such time as they are offered work commensurate with the physical condition was urged upon the special establishment committee by J. F. Marsh, representing the Grand Army of United Veterans. Mr. Marsh declared that men were starving in Canada because no work was available for them. They did not want doles or charity, and the Government should provide them with means of subsistence.

B.C. Liquor Control Act.
Victoria.—The new Liquor Control Act will be brought into force on or about May 1, Attorney-General J. W. DeB. Farris announced.

Soldiers' Re-Establishment



Hume Cronyn (London), who was recently re-appointed Chairman of the Special Committee on Soldiers' Civil Re-establishment.

Pleading for Peace in Ireland

Archbishop of Canterbury's Protest
Against Reprisals Is Endorsed By
Non-Conformists.

London.—Endorsing the Archbishop of Canterbury's recent protest in the House of Lords against reprisals in Ireland, nine bishops and heads of the principal non-conformist churches in Great Britain have sent a letter to the Prime Minister and Irish Secretary, pleading for peace in Ireland.

"The present policy," says the letter, "exposes us to misunderstanding and hostile criticism even of the friendliest of the world's nations."

The signatories include the moderator of the Scottish United Free Church, and the chairman of the Congregational and Baptist Unions of Scotland, the Wesleyan, Methodist and Presbyterian Churches and the Society of Friends.

Trouble Over Catholic Unions

Member for Quebec East Says That
Minister of Labor Has Been
Unfair.

Ottawa.—Demands for the resignation of Hon. G. D. Robertson, minister of labor, were made during a debate on the subject of Catholic National Unions, precipitated in the House of Commons on a motion to go into supply, by Ernest Lapointe, member for Quebec East.

Mr. Lapointe declared that, the minister of labor had been unfair in his treatment of the delegates from the national unions and that he had discriminated against them in favor of the internationals. The National Union had asked for representation in the forthcoming building trades conference, and not only had this been refused, but the deputations had been informed by the minister that their unions were dangerous and were liable to cause racial and religious strife.

Turkish Cruelties

Understood That Britain Will Make
An Official Protest Regarding
Atrocities.

London.—An official British protest is understood to be in prospect as a result of alleged Turkish cruelties and atrocities on Greek and Armenian Christians in Asia Minor. "Terrocrism" is reported to prevail in Caesarea, when many Greek and Armenian Christians were killed.

In official circles, it is stated, a number of charges and counter-charges from the Greeks and Turks have been received in British quarters throughout the period of hostilities. The Greek charges are said to have been sustained and the British protest will be made direct to the Turks.

Calgary Teachers' Strike Is Off.
Calgary.—The Calgary teachers will not strike. Another long discussion ended in a decision to accept the offer of the school board for a salary of \$40,000, under protest. The teachers had previously agreed to accept a 50-50 compromise, which would have brought increase totalling \$87,000.

Recovers His Speech.
Minneapolis.—Paul Robertson, of Brooklyn, former soldier, who lost his voice after being shell shocked and gassed in France 31 months ago, suddenly recovered his speech here recently.

Short Time For Railwaymen.
Moncton, N.B.—It was announced here that the working hours in the Canadian National shops at Moncton will be reduced shortly to three days a week.

Great Britain Is Now Facing Grave Industrial Crisis

U.S. Farmers Get Together

Unanimously Endorse the Co-operative
Market for Nation's Grain.

Chicago.—Representatives of the farmers in convention voted unanimously to accept the report of the committee of 17 which provided for formation of a co-operative agency to market the nation's grain.

The report was adopted after a two-day fight in which delegates sought to have it amended so that pooling of grain by the farmers would be compulsory instead of optional as provided in the report. An amendment to that effect was defeated by 61 to 38.

Another amendment offered by Carl Williams, of Oklahoma, that the pooling be made compulsory in states where wheat is the predominant grain, also was defeated, and the convention unanimously adopted the committee report.

Huns In A New Role

Germans Are Now Desirous of Making
Amends for Damage
Wrought.

Berlin.—The government has arrived at a decision in regard to reparations in connection with the French devastated areas. This plan has been carefully worked out by the government officials and industrial experts, who have reached complete accord with regard to the methods of rebuilding the use of necessary material, and the questions of labor.

In making the announcement on behalf of the government, an official said: "We want to demonstrate the sincerity of our purposes which we have often expressed, and do whatever is in our ability toward rebuilding the devastated district."

Details of the scheme will be announced shortly.

Moderate Claim of France

Viviani Says French Really Entitled to
One-Third More Than Amount
Asked.

New York.—A defense of the French claims for German reparations is made by the Viviani, envoy extraordinary to the United States and the New York Chamber of Commerce.

"Germany has contracted debts; she shall pay them," he declared. "Contrary to the general belief, this problem is not only for France and Germany, but the world, because peace will only flourish when the economic balance is re-established."

Sparking of Germany's claims that she is being taxed beyond her capacity, he said: "Some have said that the claims of France were exorbitant. It is a lie. French experts have, since the treaty, lowered the claims and reduced their rights. France has abandoned more than one-third of that which she has the right of asking for, and generous extensions have been given Germany."

Hungarian Ministry Quits

Budapest, Hungary.—Announcement is made here of the resignation of the ministry of Count Pal Teleky. The crisis which developed in connection with the recent attempt of Emperor Charles to regain the throne, resulting in a serious split between the Royalist and the Republican factions in the Government, is assigned as the reason.

Resigns From House

Ottawa.—Sir Thos. White has resigned his seat in the House of Commons.

U.S. Claims Right to Participate In Peace Settlements

That It Did Not Join League of Nations Is Thought To Be No
Barrier.

Washington.—Failure of the United States to ratify the treaty of Versailles, will not be allowed to detract from that country's right to participate in peace settlements, Secretary Hughes declared in notes addressed to Great Britain, France, Italy and Japan. The note to Japan differed from the other three, in that it referred more specifically to the Japanese mandate over the Island of Yap.

All four notes reiterated the contention that the United States had sacrificed no rights in the peace settlements by reason of its unwillingness to join the League of Nations. "The fact that the United States has not ratified the treaty of Versailles," the note said, "cannot detract from rights to which the United States is already entitled. It is hardly necessary to suggest that a treaty to which the United States is not a party, could affect those rights."

Continuing, Secretary Hughes said: "As the United States did not enter into this council or to any treaty relating to the subject, this Government is unable to understand upon what ground it was thereafter attempted to confer the mandate without the agreement of the United States. It is manifest that the League of Nations was without authority to bind the United States, and that the confirmation of the mandate in question and the definition of its terms by the Council of the League of Nations in December, 1920, cannot be regarded as having effect with respect to the United States."

Gigantic Irrigation Project

Irrigation Scheme to Cost \$7,000,000
Is Financed For Alberta.

Calgary.—Word has been received from the London offices of the Canada Land and Irrigation Company, Medicine Hat, that satisfactory financial arrangements have been made for the largest construction programme for its big irrigation project, undertaken for some years. This will include construction of distribution systems for many thousands of acres served by the main ditches. This is a \$7,000,000 project, which has been under way for ten years.

Canada's Fuel Problem

Vancouver.—Dealing with Canada's fuel problem in its national and international aspects during an address before the University of British Columbia, Arthur V. White, consulting engineer of the Commission of Conservation of Canada, strongly urged that special effort be made to secure increased storage of coal in the summer months.

Take Arms From Dublin Police

Dublin.—All the arms and ammunition in possession of the Dublin Metropolitan Police have been collected by the military authorities. It is considered unlikely that they will carry arms in the future, owing to their recent disarmament at the hands of rebels.

U.S. Ammunition in Ireland

Discovery of an Underground Dump
In Dublin.

London.—Methods by which the Sinn Féiners have receiving arms and ammunition have been disclosed by the discovery of an underground dump in Dublin. Ammunition boxes found there bear the stamp of a powder works in Massachusetts.

The boxes, the newspaper asserts, were shipped by Irish-American sympathizers who had established wireless communication between gun runners on the west coast of Ireland and in the United States.

Ralph Connor's Motion Picture

Calgary.—The first picture production based on Ralph Connor's novels to be marketed, is "Cameron of the Royal Mounted," which was sold recently to the First National Company of New York, with an initial payment down of \$125,000.

Canada Ratifies Protocol

Geneva.—Canada has just signed the protocol ratifying the statutes of the International Court of Justice, her action bringing the number of states which had adhered to the court, up to twenty-eight.

White Gives Reason

Montreal.—Sir Thomas White stated that the importance of the work of the Grand Trunk Arbitration Board was the reason for his resignation as member of parliament for Leeds.

Chinook Advance

Published at Chinook, Alberta
every Thursday

Robert Smith,
Editor and Publisher.

THURSDAY, April 14, 1921

Spring is here! Bright, sun-shiny, breezy, muddy spring. The husband can be seen with the broomhandle pounding the dusty carpet and swearing at his hard luck, and the arch enemy, the stove pipe, still wears its familiar ironical smile. Oh, Spring.

Now is the time to paint that house.

OH, MAN.

Man that is born of a woman is of but a few days and many grows. When the spring comes, and the rain waters the earth he complaineth because of the mud and a few weeks later his soul is grieved because of the exceeding muckness of the dust. In winter he cryeth it is too cold, and in the summer he would fain join an Arctic expedition that he may escape the summer heat. When the wind bloweth he curseth the cyclone and when it is stopped joy departeth from him, and he crieth give us a breeze. Yes, verily there is nothing which satisfieth man. He cometh into this world crying, and he leaveth it grumbling.

JOIN THE RED CROSS!

During the war everybody gave to the Red Cross. They gave readily and without measure, of their work, their time, their money and their enthusiasm. Everybody gave to the Red Cross. The Red Cross claimed every citizen as a member and called upon them without formality or selection whenever anything was to be done. In order however, to put this society upon the permanent basis which it must maintain to carry out the future policy that is before it, it is now obvious that the membership of the society must be definitely organized. It was for that reason that the League of Red Cross Societies at their convention at Geneva last year called for the Red Cross organizations throughout the world for membership enrollment.

In the United States this has been done systematically since the war. With that exception the only other country in which the membership enrollment has been carried on is in Czechoslovakia. In this war-torn country the people do not require any arguments to convince them of the value of the Red Cross. They have seen their children's lives saved, the mouths of their little babies fed, by consecrated volunteers from other lands who carried the sacred emblem of the "Croix Rouge". The membership campaign in that country has been a wonderful inspiration enrolling about one-fourth of the entire population of the territory.

CANADA EXPECTS

Canada expects to enroll every loyal man, woman and child in the Red Cross next June; to accomplish it by wide-spread simultaneous canvass of every district, hamlet and city block. It asks the citizens to become members of the Society, to inscribe their names on its roll, and to pay an annual fee of \$1.00 (one dollar)—the fund which is to maintain and carry on the work of the Red Cross from year to year.

Coltholme Council

A meeting of the council of the M.D. of Coltholme was held in the Coltholme school on Monday, March 7, at 10 a.m., when officers and committees were elected for the coming year. Members present were: Messrs. Hittle, Harrington, Falconer, Marr and Key.

The election of officers resulted as follows:

Reeve—Mr. Hittle. Messrs. Falconer and Walter were also nominated. Mr. Falconer withdrew.

Deputy Reeve—Mr. Marr.

Finance committee—Messrs. Key, Marr and Walter.

Bylaws committee—Falconer, Key and Harrington.

Chinook Cemetery—Mr. Marr.

Representative for Hall Board—Mr. Marr.

Auditor—L. S. Dawson. Salary \$100.

Medical Health Officer—Dr. Rosenkrans. Salary \$50.

The following motions were passed:

Hittle—That K. Bjork be granted relief as follows: Groceries, \$10; Coal, \$15.

Marr—That A. C. Anderson be granted relief as follows: Coal, \$24.25; groceries, \$25.

Falconer—That the council do not see their way clear to extend any further assistance to A. E. Mannen in meeting his arrears of interest to the loan company to save his land from being sold under foreclosure of the mortgage thereon.

Falconer—That Mr. Walter be authorized to give to Geo. Dawey for relief a sum not exceeding \$75, getting from him a bill of sale of all his grain other than the amount required for seed.

Hittle—That A. V. Grant be granted relief as follows: Coal, \$15; groceries, \$25.

Little passed for payment were as follows: U.G.G., Chinook, \$33; Land Titles Office, \$33.50; J. R. Miller, \$30; Chinook Produce Co., \$30; W. H. Blaney, \$40; J. Hughes, \$150; J. M. Davis, returning officer, \$15; C. S. Belden, deputy returning officer, \$5; Brownlee, U.F.A. solicitor, \$1; Western Municipal News, \$10.00; C. W. Rideout, \$21.50; Lerne Proudfoot, \$1.50; Tools, Feet & Co., \$15; Attorney-General (mother's allowance, Mrs. Haase), \$22.50; R. D. Vanhook, \$7.

Marr—That the secretary be authorized to make arrangements for a supply of gopher poison for this year and for the distribution of same, having it handled in a similar manner to last year, if possible, giving the order to the local druggists if they will supply what is required and distribute same at the following prices: strychnine sulphate, \$2.75 per oz.; 4 pkgs. of gophercide, \$2.00; and 3 pkgs. of Kill-em-Quick, \$2.75.

Key—That amount of gopher poison for each half-section shall be as follows: 1 oz. of strychnine sulphate; 4 pkgs. of gophercide, or 3 pkgs. of Kill-em-Quick, all to be handled in the same way as last year.

Falconer—That a bounty of 3 cents per tail be paid to residents of this municipality for all gophers destroyed within the municipality, the tails of which are delivered to the councillor for the division before June 1, 1921, and further that three cash prizes of \$12, \$8, and \$5 respectively be awarded to the three persons in each division securing the largest number of tails.

Hittle—That under the provisions of the Soldiers' Home Tax Exemption Act, all taxes prior to 1919 be struck off the W. 30-28-8, owned by Jas. Pettigrew.

Key—That the secretary be instructed to call for applications for weed inspectors for the municipality, each inspector to look after one or more divisions. Salary \$8.00 per day. Applications to be received by the secretary or any one of the councillors before the first day of May.

Harrington—That the appropriation for this year for each division be \$1,200.

Key—That a grant of \$100 be made to the Women's Institute for the purchase of the old Union Bank building for a Rest Room for Chinook.

Marr—That the government be notified that this municipal district is not in favor of having the system of visiting nurses established at present.

Harrington—That we now adjourn to meet again in the Coltholme school on Saturday, April 2, at 10 a.m.

—SEND IT IN

If you have a bit of news,

Send it in;

Or a joke that will amuse,

Send it in;

An incident that's new,

A story that is true,

We want to hear from you—

Send it in.

Never mind about the style

If the news is worth the while,

It may help or cause a smile,

Send it in!

MEMBERS OF CHINOOK LODGE KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS REORGANIZE

On Tuesday evening, April 5th, the members of the Chinook Lodge Knights of Pythias re-organized. The following officers were elected: Chancellor Commander, Wm. Milligan; Vice-Chancellor, Chas. Ray; Prelate, J. E. McLeod; Keeper of Records and Seals, L. S. Dawson; District Deputy, T. O. Stephenson.

The next meeting of the lodge will be held on Monday, April 18, when every member of the lodge is cordially invited to attend.

Fraternal orders are a splendid institution. They bring men into closer relations, and cherish those feelings that thrive and put forth blossoms in each other's welfare. They make men thoughtful and helpful, expanding the sentiments of love and charity and good will. They teach us the religion that breaks bread to the hungry, gives a cup of water to the thirsty, watches at the bed of the sick—duties that are sometimes sadly neglected. Therefore we should encourage such institutions to grow in our midst.

One crop you are sure of is the fly crop. Now is the time to prepare. Make your window screens now. Full stock of screens at Woodruffs.

Langford U.F.A. Pass Resolution

The following resolution was passed by the Langford U.F.A. Local at one of their recent meetings:

"That the members of Langford Local U.F.A., No. 119, endorse the appointment of Mr. C. W. Rideout as district secretary for the purpose of linking up the various locals using Chinook as their railroad town. The object of his appointment would be to make it easier for us to order goods in larger quantities, thereby obtaining better prices for bulk orders. With this end in view we endorse the appointment and promise to co-operate with him in any work he may undertake."

Locals tributary to Chinook please consider this at your next meeting.

Before you take out your car give it a coat of Auto Paint. See samples at Woodruffs.

The second meeting of the Ladies Card Club was held last Tuesday evening at the home of Mrs. I. W. Derman, when Mrs. A. McAlister won a nice Aluminum frying pan as first prize.

The next meeting will be held at the home of Mrs. J. Rennie Mrs. T. Stephenson being the hostess.

Mr. C. V. Wilson left for Rockyford, Alta., this week.

Mr. J. A. Jacobson's auction sale of farm stock, has been postponed till after seeding.

The postponed sale of farm stock belonging to Fred J. Morris of Sec. 21 29 7, will be held on Tuesday, April 19.

W. A. Cliphsham moved to his father's farm south of town this week.

Time means money. It don't pay to guess at the time. Get an ingerself at Woodruffs.



Women's Sphere
Her HOME and her SOCIAL LIFE

OF particular importance to the women of the West is the women's section of THE CALGARY DAILY HERALD. THIS department maintains the policy of giving constructive impetus to the woman's movement in the careful and accurate reporting of women's activities and in giving publicity to the work undertaken by women's organizations.

THIS department covers a wide field and includes news of the Women's Institutes, U.F.W.A. and Red Cross throughout the province. News, both foreign and domestic, of general interest to women can always be found on the women's pages, and in addition many special features devoted to the housewife, the home seamstress, home nursing and the problems of parents as well as a special juvenile department for the kiddies.

THIS strong department makes The Herald especially a paper for every home in the west.

YOU SHOULD READ
The Calgary Daily Herald
— Alberta's Greatest Newspaper

Order from your Local Agent or direct from the Publishers at Calgary.
By mail, \$8.00 per year, payable in advance.

YOUR NEWSPAPER
THE CHEAPEST COMMODITY
YOU BUY TO DAY

Letter Heads

Envelopes

And all kinds of

Job Printing

Leave Us Your Order.

Our Prices are Reasonable.

Chinook Advance

Job Department.

Success Attends Plan For Placing Soldier Settlers on the Land

Practically every country implicated in the maelstrom of the Great War, and experiencing the same problems in the aftermath, has paid warm tribute to the generous manner in which Canada treated her returned warriors and the effective measures she devised for their successful re-establishment in civil life. In common with other belligerent nations, Canada was faced with the problem of rehabilitating a huge army alienated, after years of hardship and contention with primitive conditions, from their pre-war existence, and facing an uncertain future with vastly differing ideals and an entirely changed outlook upon life.

It was a wise procedure, both for the nation and the individual soldier, to encourage the army to go on the land, and to assist soldier settlers in such a manner as to become producers almost immediately instead of undergoing the hardships and years-of-stim revenue, which often are the lot of the pioneer. That the years of war had turned the minds of many towards the land is indicated by the response to questionnaires distributed to soldiers shortly after the armistice, when 487,771 men advised their desire to take up farming as their life work, whereas there were only 172,218 of these, who, previous to their enlistment, had been so employed. Only 4,175 men in the Canadian army, who had previously been farmers, wished to leave their calling to follow others. The subsidized, assisted project of the Soldier Settlement Board has proved immensely popular, as witness the fact that in the two years which have elapsed since the armistice up till December 1st, when the last figures were published, approximately 59,000 returned soldiers have made application for the purpose of qualifying, 42,000 have been declared qualified without approximately 20,000 have received advances amounting to more than \$80,000,000.

Alberta has received by far the largest number of these settlers, followed by Saskatchewan, Manitoba and British Columbia. Of the total, eighty-five per cent. of soldier settlers have located on land west of the Great Lakes, the figures by provinces being: Alberta, 5,710; Saskatchewan, 4,875; Manitoba, 3,289; British Columbia, 2,941; Ontario, 1,403; New Brunswick, 505; Quebec, 459; Nova Scotia, 395; Prince Edward Island, 392.

The loans appraised by provinces are: Alberta, \$22,289,021; Saskatchewan, \$19,848,091; Manitoba, \$13,267,826; British Columbia, \$12,587,021; Ontario, \$6,064,042; Quebec, \$1,899,434; New Brunswick, \$1,449,704; Nova Scotia, \$1,287,928; Prince Edward Island, \$814,947.

That Canadian soldiers have co-operated in every way to make their re-establishment on the land successful, and entered whole-heartedly into the pursuit of agriculture once they had undertaken it, is manifested in their overwhelming success as reported by inspectors of the Soldier Settlement Board. These experienced agriculturists, who periodically visit the farms operated by soldiers who have obtained loans from the board, have stated that ninety-five per cent. are making good and profitable, successful farmers, and that, furthermore, of the remaining five per cent., the majority are failing not from indolence, poor farming, or lack of personal qualities, but owing to physical hindrance in the recurrence of their war disabilities. The board reports that since the harvesting of the 1920 crop, repayments on loans are being made very much ahead of the dates specified. Though the payments extend over a period of twenty-five years, and the board has been in operation a little more than two years, nearly 300 men have, as a result of their successful farming operations, been able to pay off their total indebtedness.

From the national standpoint, and viewing it in the light of the contribution to agricultural production, the success of the Soldier Settlement Board's scheme is of prime importance to Canada. To date, it has resulted in the locating of 20,000 men on the land under the most favorable conditions, both economic and social. These men have, in the form of soldier-grant entries, received 2,000,000 acres, and by purchase or through the exercise of their civil rights, secured another 1,100,000 acres of a total of 3,100,000 acres. It is also to be remembered that, so far, less than one-half of those who have qualified have been placed. Estimating the yield on this land at 14.5 bushels per acre, this year's average over the Dominion

these soldier lands are responsible for an additional 45,000,000 bushels on Canada's wheat crop.

Marquis Wheat Leads

Best Wheat Does Not Always Make Highest Quality Bread.

That the best looking wheat does not always make the best bread was again demonstrated this year when the returns were received at the University of Saskatchewan, giving the result of the baking and milling tests of the prize winning wheat at the Provincial Seed Fair, held at the University in January. W. J. F. Warren, of Bellevue, who was awarded fourth prize for Marquis wheat from prize-winning field entered in Standing Grain competition, won first honors in the milling and baking test with a loaf which was practically perfect, while Kenneth Canebl, of Shellbrook, who won first honors for Marquis wheat at the Provincial Seed Fair, went down to 21st place in the milling and baking competition.

Marquis wheat again led the field in the baking and milling test, Seager Wheeler winning second place, R. M. McCurdy, of Asquith, third, and Davis Bros., of Perdue, fourth place, all of which were Marquis. Geo. S. Canfield, of Wild Rose, who won first honors for Red Fife at the seed fair, went down to 19th place in the baking and milling test, and the Ruby wheat for which Mr. Canfield won first place for any other variety of spring wheat, was graded 205, or lowest of all in the milling and baking contest.

Many War Books

French War Museum Has More Than 100,000 Books Written About the War.

The output of printed matter, relating to the war was known to be prodigious, but the actual figures stagger an imagination prepared for the worst. The French War Museum in Paris has provided space to accommodate more than 100,000 books written about the war and has devoted two and a half miles of shelves to the preservation of newspapers and periodicals bearing on it.

Can all that has been written about the Trojan War in thirty centuries, or about Napoleonic Wars, begin to match this production of World War literature in six and a half years? And the presses are still working overtime. Surely an intolerable deal of paper and ink to overlay the vital facts which it will be the duty of the historian to disentangle and compile for the hasty reading of posterity. Who can envy the task of the conscientious explorer of these dust heaps?

Eighty librarians and translators are even now employed in arranging the volumes. Who but a super-historian can possibly do more than read the titles? Perhaps nature will provide another H. G. Wells for the job, but all ordinary historians will get lost in this wilderness of printed words.—The N.Y. World.

The Panama Route

No Closed Season in Connection With Pacific Navigation.

There are now three railway lines from the prairie provinces through the Rocky Mountains, so that the land transportation facilities should be equal to any probable demand. There is no closed season in connection with Pacific navigation, such as in the case of Atlantic shipments adds so much to the length of land carriage in the winter months. The ocean voyage by the Pacific route is, of course, much longer than by the Atlantic, but ocean transport is cheaper than land, and miles do not count for anything. The possibility of the route having been shown, it is for the British Columbians to do the rest. Routes are small consequence unless there are men to go into the business of using them.—Montreal Gazette.

Honor Sir Arthur Currie.

The new assembly hall under construction at the Royal Military College, Kingston, will be named "Sir Arthur Currie Hall," in honor of the commander of the victorious Canadian corps. The announcement was made by the minister of militia.

The president of the French Republic is provided with an official aeroplane.

Millionaire Was Often Very Short of Cash

Some Sideglances on the Generous Character of Cecil Rhodes.

Although his income was a great deal more than one million dollars a year, Cecil Rhodes, the South African empire builder, spent very little on himself, most of his money being privately given with reckless generosity to people who he thought needed it more than he did.

His bank account was overdrawn most of the time, and often he did not have a penny in his pocket, writes John Hays Hammond, who knew him well.

His securities were commonly tucked away in pockets of disused coats or in obscure pigeonholes. When, for his own sake, his secretary hid his checkbook, he issued gift checks on half sheets of note paper, sometimes signing them in pencil.

When he had money he handled it carelessly and irresponsibly, like a child who did not understand the value of it. In London he often applied to his secretary for money to pay cab fares, and when it was given him he would clumsily close his hand on as much gold and silver as it would hold, and without counting it, would drop it into one of his coat pockets.

When he had to pay for his cab he would take a coin out of his pocket and hand it to the cabby without looking at it. If it happened to be a gold piece, the cabby would touch his cap and drive away very pleased.

He paid little attention to dress, and never seemed to know what he was wearing in the way of clothes. Anything that was loose and comfortable was good enough for him. But his love of cleanliness was very remarkable. He would not camp out in the wild if a jam tin were found in the place selected.

Big Game in Saskatchewan

Hunters Secured 2,170 Animals In Province Last Season.

Practically all of the big game hunters who went up into Northern Saskatchewan last fall in quest of sport have made their returns to the chief game guardian, F. Bradshaw. His report shows that during last season a total of 2,170 big game animals were secured by the 3,000 licensed hunters in the province, including 80 caribou, 870 deer and 1,200 moose.

Mr. Bradshaw has a map showing the number of caribou, deer and moose killed in each township. This shows graphically the range of these animals. North of Prince Albert is the caribou country, and while moose have been secured all across the province from Onion Lake eastwards, they were most plentiful within easy reach of the railway from Crooked River east to the boundary, where as many as 16 have been killed in one township.

For Higher Remuneration

Will Increase the Indemnities of B.C. Legislators.

Premier Oliver has introduced in the B.C. House an amendment to the Constitution Act which provides increased indemnities to members of the house, the "salaries" of the private representatives being raised from \$1,500 to \$2,000. The premier himself will get \$9,000 instead of \$7,500, as at present, while the leader of the opposition will be given a little boost from \$1,500 to \$2,000 which, along with this indemnity of \$2,000 will give him an annuity of \$4,000. The ministers' remuneration will be increased from \$6,000 to \$7,500.

Shipbuilding in Canada.

Statistics on Canada's ship and boat building industry show the number of plants in operation to be 177, distributed throughout the Dominion, while the amount of capital invested in the shipbuilding industry totals \$70,854,028, and in the boatbuilding plants, \$1,260,263. The number of employees in shipbuilding plants in 1919 was 25,560, and the wages paid \$29,836,848, while the number of vessels launched was 281, with a gross tonnage of 2,604,539.

Horne Appointed British Chancellor.

Sir Robert S. Horne, president of the Board of Trade, has been appointed chancellor of the exchequer in succession to J. Austen Chamberlain. Stanley Baldwin, parliamentary secretary to the treasury will become the new president of the Board of Trade.

H.C.L. in Sydney, Nova Scotia.

That the cost of living is higher in Sydney than in any other city in Canada, is the admission made by E. McG. Quirk, special investigator for the Federal Department of Labor, after making a survey of the local steel situation for the Dominion authorities.

In Charge of Alberta Lines



J. M. Cameron, General Superintendent Canadian Pacific Railway, Calgary, Alta.

Those Who Put It Off

Many Men Neglect to Make Their Will Until It Is Too Late.

A man hates to make his will because he does not want to contemplate even the possibility that need could arise for the existence of such a thing.

Yet cases occur every day where the need does arise and there is no such document. Not long ago a prominent lawyer died leaving no will, and many of his clients knew that for years he had insistently urged on everybody whose adviser he was the necessity of having a will in readiness. He made almost a hobby of it, and yet he died intestate himself. He had good advice for all, but did not follow it himself. It is another instance of the truth that we regard all men mortal but ourselves. We have even known editors to write urgently on this subject with their own wills unmade, but this does not apply in the present case.

The man whose business affairs are of large dimensions usually keeps a will in hand, changing it or making a new one as the need arises. He has much business with his lawyer, the existence of a will is a matter of business, and his large and complicated interests necessitate a will as a power of regulation for the future, and as an assurance of the continuity of his enterprise. But where a man's affairs are more personal he puts off his will-making. It is a thing he does do at any time and so he does not do it at all. Then a fatal illness comes to him, and he must do it—but sometimes no opportunity is given him.

A man has a curious notion that if he makes his will it is a sign that he is beginning to quit—that he has turned down the home-stretch. This is something he does not want to admit. Of course the idea is absurd. The having of a will in readiness for any eventuality, however remote it may seem, is mere prudence. This everyone will admit, but if a list were published in any city, town, or village of those who at this moment have no will made, it would cause much astonishment.—Toronto Star.

Back to Sparta

Every Boy and Girl in France Required to Take a Course in Physical Training.

The French Chamber of Deputies has decreed that every boy and girl in France shall be required to take a course in physical training. Doubtless this is another of the numerous reactions to the lessons taught by the war. Every country which was compelled by the war to mobilize its men discovered that its man-power was painfully less than unanalysed census figures seemed to indicate because so many men were less than they ought to be physically.

To "come out flatfooted" acquired a new meaning in the United States after the draft boards began to summon the men out for service, and flat feet were only one of the many ailments which unfitted what ought to have been good material for soldiers.

To meet this trouble no nation has thought of any better plan than that adopted by the Spartans. France is trying to go forward today by going back something more than 2,000 years, but there will be added to the old plan all that the modern physician knows about health and personal sanitation, and this no doubt is the more important aspect of the modern movement of physical training.—Detroit Free Press.

Colorado has 36 counties each of which is larger than the State of Rhode Island.

Best Elements Would Further Campaign For International Goodwill

"The Prince of Wales' Book"

The Most Fascinating Picture Book Ever Offered to the Public.

Messrs. Hodder and Stoughton publish today that eagerly awaited volume, "The Prince of Wales' Book." It is a work of extraordinary interest, surpassing in variety and beauty the highest expectations which the public had formed. The price is 7s. 6d. net, and the book is issued on behalf of St. Dunstan's Hostel. In every copy is placed a sheet bearing the following words, facsimiled from the Prince's autograph: "I hope that all who can will buy this book of photographs, and help me to secure the largest possible assistance for our sailors and soldiers who were blinded in the war." In the introductory chapter, His Royal Highness pleads for the heroes from whom war has exacted so terrible a sacrifice.

We have here, beyond question, the most fascinating picture book ever offered to the public. It illustrates every phase of the Prince's tour in Canada, the United States, New Zealand, Australia and the Pacific Islands. A brief narrative of each separate visit precedes the groups of photographs. The ambassador of empire is here shown as an officer, a diver, a "digger," and an Indian chief. His love of many sports is illustrated in a hundred ways. We can understand why he returned home in splendid health, notwithstanding the fatigues of an almost endless succession of ceremonial duties. We see him fishing at Virgin Falls, in camp with cowboys, shooting in the marshes of Qu'Appelle, Lake Saskatchewan, at football and baseball matches, and on horseback in many lands. A full-length photograph in the Australian section shows the royal traveller "Digger" in the Australian wallaby. Who became one of the chief pets on board the Renown, and died, to the grief of all, at Trinidad—English Exchange.

The comparative rapidity with which nature will restore timber growth is shown by the experience of Mr. William Kepp, of Metagewan, Ont. "Spruce trees planted on my place 30 years ago have since reached a height of 40 feet and a diameter of a foot to 16 inches. This is the result of artificial planting. It is surprising what nature will do if left alone. A portion of our farm, unsuitable to agriculture purposes, burned over 28 years ago, is now thickly covered with spruce, balsam and pine, many of the trees 25 feet high."

Nature Restores Timber Rapidly

Ontario Farmer Demonstrates What Nature Will Do If Left Alone.

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Lonely Widows Seeking Husbands.

"Tention lonely returned soldiers in Canada" There is a platoon of widows at Bigheart, Oklahoma, looking for husbands, according to a letter sent by one of them, who admits she is "young and good looking," to T. T. Bower, Winnipeg, postmaster, and characterized as the most unique received by him in his many years experience with the post office department. She is an American ex-soldier's widow. "Triflers," she states, "need not apply."

Deer Are Growing Plentiful.

Reports from Waterton Lakes Park in Alberta, declare that owing to the regulations protecting deer, the herds are increasing most rapidly. One morning recently no less than 45 were counted on the townsite, and they remained around all day paying no attention to the residents. The deer are said to be in first-class condition for spring, following the very mild winter experienced.

Big Plane For North Country.

The Larsen all-metal plane for the Imperial Oil Company, the third of its kind to reach the north, arrived at Edmonton recently from New York. The flight from Saskatoon, the last stopping place, was made in four hours and ten minutes, and the actual flying time from New York was twenty-six hours and twenty minutes. The plane was in charge of L. Myers, and had as a passenger J. L. Myers, who controls the American rights for the machines.

Fifteen thousand priests abide in the holy city of Urga, the capital of Mongolia.

The Kansas City Star takes a same view of what has been termed the cooling off in the relations between the United States and Britain.

"Oil, cables, the Irish and the navy building programmes," it says, "are not likely to obscure the fundamental Americans and Britons know what those are and are prepared to stand a good many annoyances in preserving them."

The Star is inclined to believe that the diplomats find things to worry about to which the people of either country have never given two thoughts.

On the other hand, it will be admitted that there is much ignorance in each country concerning the other, which leads to suspicion, most often unfounded.

This was realized by Mr. John William Davis, the retiring American ambassador at the Court of St. James. A great lawyer, a profound student of constitutional history and of international affairs, Mr. Davis has used his knowledge and his gifts as a speaker to further the campaign of international enlightenment. He has lectured to British audiences on "The Treaty-Making Power of the United States," and on "The Constitution of the United States," and on kindred subjects.

Sir Auckland Geddes has been criticized because as ambassador to Washington he has gone outside of the ordinary diplomatic groove to talk directly to the American people. The diplomats could well be more of that sort of thing and confine themselves less to the secret chambers of embassies. They would then gain more accurate information on what the feelings of the people may be.

Lord Robert Cecil recently declared that all the questions between Britain and America are adjustable by discussion and mark no real conflict of interests. The conditions of the world call for co-operation by England and the United States. Only the enemies of both countries, and the enemies of world peace, desire to see them estranged by differences which confidence and reasonableness can easily remedy.—Calgary Herald.

A Word for Barley

Late Seeding Should Be Thicker Than Early Seeding.

The College of Agriculture, at Edmonton, from a study of this question in all parts of the province, states that "wheat should be sown first, as early as the land will work to advantage. Oats and barley should be sown as soon after wheat as convenient. When oats and barley are sown after May 20, a maximum crop of good quality is not so certain. In localities that suffer from hot winds in the late summer crop should be sown as early as possible, if the hot winds come early in the summer then possibly a little later seeding may be better." Thinly seeded crops withstand dry weather best, while thickly seeded crops mature earlier. Late seeding, if tried, should be thicker than early seeding. Send to the department of agriculture, Edmonton, for fold husbandry circular No. 2—"See, Preparation of Seed, Seeding."

Unanimous For Natural Resources.

Unanimous action by the Manitoba Legislature towards urging the Dominion Government to transfer their natural resources to the western provinces, was forecasted when arrangements were made for group leaders to confer on the resolution to be submitted to the house. The suggestion for such a conference was made by J. T. Haig, Conservative leader, and was at once accepted by Premier T. C. Norris.

A Real Aid to Agriculture.

A real aid to agriculture, and one of the most progressive steps in the development of the province, is the system of soil surveys and the provision of district agents initiated by the Minister of Agriculture, Hon. Duncan Marshall. The minister has grasped the right view and has put into practice that practical knowledge of agriculture with which he is credited.—Lethbridge Herald.

At some of the London docks when two men make a trade agreement they exchange black beans as tokens of honesty. This is regarded as more binding than a written and signed contract.

About Price Deflation

Restoration of Equilibrium Is a Painful Process.

Business awaits restoration of equilibrium by labor, which will take its cue from the Railroad Labor Board. Price deflation has thrown agriculture violently out of balance. Much higher prices for soil products cannot be expected without revived foreign markets.

Restoration of equilibrium by downward revision of prices is painfully difficult because it encounters opposition everywhere and labor itself is most of the cost of anything. Deflation is slowest where most dealers and most workers co-ordinate or supplement one another in opposition, but the ultimate net results for all are as sure as sunset.

Railroad wages and working conditions, which used to establish a sort of general basis for industry, have been fitted to a war peak level of living costs and a Government control policy, necessitating a normal schedule of rates for railroad solvency perhaps higher than that of other industries. Many railroad managers think it is, but they prefer to await general business revival before attempting to determine what the downward revision should be. It will depend very largely on the Railroad Labor Board's findings.

Meanwhile the traffic slump continues unabated. Freight loading is 20 per cent. less than in 1919, with 350,000 idle cars and as many railroads laid off, and travel volume is relatively even less. Business irregularity increases, improvement in some sections and directions off-set by further contraction in others, notably in those where wages stay up.

As the procession of industrial annual reports goes by it looks more bedraggled. Buyers' strikes came so suddenly and with such terrific impact that the strongest concerns and shrewdest managements were completely off their guard and took the worst punishment. There are no craftier Jewish American business men than those in control of Sears, Roebuck & Co. and no canner Scottish Canadian Americans than the Quaker Oats crowd. What happened to their inventiveness is pretty well known now and may be a solvent to weaker and smaller competitors, who will do well to follow their example in marking everything down to cost or the market, if lower, and in clearing the decks as best they can for big, decisive achievements. In such quarters one finds the most philosophical optimism.—Boston News Bureau.

Saskatchewan Products

Total Value of Agricultural and Livestock Products in 1920 Was \$549,997,969.

The total value of agricultural and livestock products in the province of Saskatchewan in 1920 was \$549,997,969, according to the final statement of the Department of Agriculture. Of this sum, \$308,967,214 was for agricultural products, while the balance was taken up by livestock products. Wheat, with a total yield of 113,135,274 bushels, valued at \$175,359,674, formed the major part of agricultural products, and 948,280 horses and mules, valued at \$151,724,800, was by far the largest single item of livestock revenue.

Possibly.

Possibly the marked change in Archbishop Mannix's attitude is to be accounted for by the discovery that Sinn Féin is not so attractive upon close view as when regarded across several thousand leagues of ocean.—Hamilton Herald.



Cuticura For All Skin Irritations

Bathe with Cuticura Soap and hot water to free the pores of impurities and follow with a gentle application of Cuticura Ointment to soothe and heal. They are ideal for the toilet, as is also Cuticura Talcum for perfuming.

Sole Distributors: The Dominion Canadian Luggage Co., Ltd., 246 St. Paul St., Montreal.

W. N. U. 1363

TELLS HOW CATARRH IS DESTROYED QUICKLY

Catarrh sufferers, meaning those with colds, sore throats, bronchial trouble, etc., can all be fixed up right at home by inhaling "Catarrhazone." In using Catarrhazone you don't take medicine into the stomach—you just breathe a healing vapor vapor direct to the lungs and air passages. The pure balsam and the greatest antiseptics are thus sent to every spot where catarrhal trouble exists—germs are killed, foul secretions are destroyed, nature is given a chance and the disease ends quickly. Colds and throat troubles can't last if the pure healing vapor of Catarrhazone is breathed—sneezing and coughing cease at once, because irritation is removed. Bronchitis, irritation and weakness in the throat soon disappear. Use Catarrhazone whether young or old. Two months' treatment, \$1.00, small, and 50¢ dealers everywhere or The Catarrhazone Co., Montreal.

The Burmese Language

Words Are Pronounced in Three Tones, Having Different Meaning. Ebony is used for firewood by the people of Burma who have mahogany flooring floors in their houses, but their dance music is abominable, according to a missionary correspondent. The chief function of music and the weird dances in the land of the golden peacock is to drive away the evil spirits, and it is essential to Burmese ideas of "harmony" to have each instrument toned in a different key. But it would be a great place for the children. "Pyro" can be bought for a nickel and monkeys for a quarter. No word in the language has more than one syllable. There are no declensions or conjugations. The Burmese are short on words and hence every word is pronounced in three tones having a different meaning in each. The average wage is 16 cents a day. There are no violent deaths, the plague and malaria being the only scourges. The natives do not prescribe on a principle of opposites. If a man has rheumatism they feed him powdered deer's bones and the remedy for a sour stomach is sugar.

Fainting a Healthy Exercise

Not Unnatural and Actually Does a Person Good.

Contrary to popular belief, fainting is just the most natural thing in the world and does one good. What really happens when a person faints, is that the heart is not sending a sufficient supply of blood to the brain and fainting causes the latter to stop thinking and the person affected to fall to the ground. This falling is just what the person needs to put matters right again, for when standing, or even sitting upright, the heart has the difficult task to perform of driving the blood upwards to the brain and having to contend with the gravitation of the earth in so doing. As soon, however, as the fainting person falls, the task of sending the requisite blood supply to the brain is comparatively easy, and, as soon as this is accomplished, the person "comes round" as we call it. Thus the act of falling is Nature's own method of dealing with the situation. In view of this little fact it is not wise to raise the fallen person, for that, as with Nature's remedy in allowing the heart to send the necessary amount of blood to the brain.

The Douglas Fir

For Its Weight Is Strongest Wood in World.

The Douglas fir, the most valuable tree on our Pacific coast, usually attains a height of 150 feet, but often reaches 225 feet, with a diameter of from 3 to 6 feet.

Exceptional trees are 300 feet in height and 15 feet in diameter. They are found in the forests of Southern British Columbia.

The wood is comparatively light, but very strong. For its weight it is the strongest wood in the world that is obtainable in structural sizes and in quantities. It varies in color from straw-yellow to a reddish-brown.

Ask Co-Operation.

Western Canada's Boards of Trade are being urged by the Edmonton Board to back the memorial to the Dominion Government, asking for more favorable regulations to prospectors and miners in the oil areas.

B.C. Hemlock Reaches Great Height. Western hemlock, found in abundance in British Columbia, reaches a height of from 125 to 150 feet, with a diameter of from 2 to 5 feet, with occasional trees as high as 250 feet and 8 feet in diameter.

A method for type-writing by wireless has been evolved.

Bee Keeping in Alberta

Industry Has Been Found to be Very Profitable.

With yields of honey as high as one hundred and fifty pounds and over from some of the best hives per season, William Wensel, of Edmonton, who has been raising bees successfully for the past seven or eight years, has found beekeeping not only extremely interesting, but a profitable side line. The seasons in Alberta are shorter than in Eastern Canada where bees are kept more extensively, but this factor is counter-balanced by the longer hours of sunshine during the summer days, and the busy little bees working from early morning until sundown are able to store up large quantities of honey, second to none in quality and flavor.

Mr. Wensel has experienced but little difficulty in raising bees in this country. They withstand the winters well and with ordinary attention give large returns. He keeps from ten to twenty colonies of bees and in the fall sells off any surplus increase. At the present time he has twenty colonies of Italian bees which he has been able to keep pure as to variety by importing pure Italian queen bees every year.

With wild flowers in abundance almost everywhere and some variety or other coming into bloom every month from early spring until late in the fall, the bees have little difficulty in finding sufficient flowers from which to gather honey. Besides the wild flowers as a source of honey, Mr. Wensel usually plants some white clover near the hive which makes very good honey. From the standpoint of profits, bees for the money invested are equal, if not just a little ahead, of any other line. Last spring Mr. Wensel sold a farmer living near Edmonton, a hive of bees for \$25. During the summer the one colony increased to five. The original colony swarmed three times, and the first colony swarmed once, making a total of five colonies. Besides increasing from one to five, a surplus of one hundred and fifty pounds of honey was made during the summer. This honey, at forty cents a pound, would be worth \$60, or more than twice the original cost of the bees.

Shipbuilders For Fort Norman.

Shipbuilders are en route to Fort McMurray in the interests of the Alberta and Arctic Transportation Company. These constitute the vanguard of a score of mechanics who will make the pilgrimage to the far north owing to the necessity for transportation facilities in the Fort Norman area. The men who have already proceeded north are among the most prominent shipbuilders in Victoria, B.C.

A Friend To the Aged!

When men and women get past middle life, their energy and activity, the many instances of vitality, and their general vitality is on the wane.

The heart action becomes weak and uncertain, and the nerves more or less unsteady.

Little sicknesses and ailments seem harder to shake off than from youth, and there are evidences of a breakdown begin to appear.

Those who wish to maintain their health and vigor and to live longer and more active lives should use Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills.

They make the heart beat strong and regular, brace up and invigorate the nervous system, improve the memory, and impart a sense of buoyancy to the entire system.

Mrs. James Perry, Retlaw, Alta., writes: "Some months ago I was not feeling well, my heart bothered me quite a lot, and my whole system seemed out of order. I sent and got two boxes of your pills. I took them a few days, and my, what a change there was in me, and when I had taken the two boxes I felt so much better. I quit them. Now I take them at intervals, and am fine again 72 years of age."

Price 50¢ a box at all dealers or mailed direct on receipt of price by The J. B. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

The Game Guardian.

The true game officer today is more concerned in protecting such game as remains than in issuing licenses for its destruction. If we are to retain our game resources their conservation must necessarily constitute the main function of the game officer; he must be truly a game guardian or warden.

Persian Lamb In Saskatchewan.

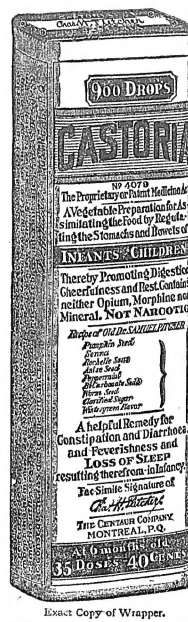
The domestication of Karakul sheep, which supply Persian lambs, as well as mutton and wool, has proven a success in the province of Saskatchewan, according to W. E. Dinwiddie, North Battleford, who is the owner of a large flock. Mr. Dinwiddie's flock now numbers one hundred, the second largest in Canada, and the third in North America.

Why Castoria?

YEARS ago Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups were the remedies in common use for Infants and Children; Castor Oil so nauseating as to be almost impossible and the others all containing Opium in one form or another, but so disguised as to make them pleasant to the taste, yet really to stupefy the child and give the appearance of relief from pain.

It required years of research to find a purely vegetable combination that would take the place of these disagreeable, unpleasant and vicious remedies that from habit had become almost universal. This was the inception of, and the reason for, the introduction of Fletcher's Castoria, and for over 30 years it has proven its worth, received the praise of Physicians everywhere and become a household word among mothers.

A remedy ESPECIALLY prepared for Infants and Children and no mother would think of giving to her baby a remedy that she would use for herself without consulting a physician.



Children Cry For Fletcher's

CASTORIA

Have You Tried It?

Everybody has read the above headline; how many believe it? Have you a little one in the home, and has that dear little mite when its stomach was not just right felt the comforts that come with the use of Fletcher's Castoria? You have heard the cry of pain. Have you heard them cry for Fletcher's Castoria? Try it.

Just help baby out of its trouble tomorrow with a taste of Castoria. Watch the difference in the tone of the cry, the look in the eye, the wiggle in the tiny fingers. The transformation is complete—from pain to pleasure. Try it.

You'll find a wonderful lot of information about Baby in the booklet that is wrapped around every bottle of Fletcher's Castoria.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

From.nent Canadian Passes

Death of G. Y. Chown, a Prominent Citizen of Kingston, Is Recorded.

There recently passed away at Kingston, Ont., one of that city's most distinguished citizens, George Y. Chown, M.P., Kingston, and sixty years of age and was a son of the late Edwin Chown.

He was a member of Sydenham Street Methodist Church; member of Frontenac Club, Kingston Health Association, the Canadian Club, the Kingston General Hospital Board, Board of Trade and Kingston Yacht Club. In all of these activities he was a tower of strength, and on every side are heard expressions of regret at his passing, and sympathy with his family in their hour of bereavement.

Surviving are his wife, who was a daughter of the late Dr. Michael Lavell, and a sister of Judge H. A. Lavell; three daughters, Misses May, Dorothy and Edna; five brothers, Rev. E. A. Chown, B.D., Toronto; Dr. H. H. Winnipeg; S. T. Renfrew; Dr. A. P. Kingston; and one sister, Miss Alice, New York City.

He was secretary-treasurer and registrar of Queen's University for about twenty-two years. He possessed administrative and financial ability of an exceedingly high order, and was a pillar of strength to Queen's.

The late Mr. Chown had many large financial interests. In addition to being President of McArthur, Irwin, Limited, he was a director of Parker, Irwin, Limited, Montreal; Laporte, Irwin, Limited, Montreal; Miller Extracts, Limited, Montreal, N.B.; Valley Camp Coal Company, Cleveland, Ohio; Great Lakes Transportation Company, Midland, Ont.; Fort William Dock Company, Fort William, Ont.; Canada Dredging Company, Midland, Ont.; President of Weber Piano Co., Ltd., Kingston, Ont.

The influence of the moon upon weather has recently been denied by scientists.

MURINE Night and Morning. Have Clean, Healthy Eyes. If they Itch, Burn, or are Irritated, Inflamed or otherwise, use Murine. It soothes, refreshes, and cures. Write for Free Eye Book. Murine Eye Book Co., Chicago.

Loading on the Job

Give as Little as They Can for a Day's Work.

It cannot be denied that not a few men in the building trades in Canada have since the close of the war given as little as they can for a day's work. They are to blame in no small way for high construction costs and the shortening of the country's building programme in all important industrial centres on this continent. When the average citizen sees some of these sluggish carpenters, painters, plumbers or plasterers at work he raises his head to the sky and exclaims: Never again! He won't attempt to build anything unless the urge is desperate. He won't listen to suggestions that there are competent workmen about ready to meet all the requirements of an honest contractor. He has had an object lesson in loading and it has angered him. They do his part in blocking progress and obliterating work. He justifies his attitude by exhibits of inefficiency in construction and congratulates himself that he is not paying from \$3 to \$10 a day for work worth from \$3 to \$5. A man who doesn't give an honest day's work for an honest day's pay is stealing something somewhere. The man who does will not have to worry much about the next job. The man who is ambitious about his work will always have it.—Galt Reporter.

Depth of the Sea.

An interesting problem is presented by the depth of the sea. If the surface were lowered 6,000 feet (1,000 fathoms), the width of the Atlantic and Pacific opposite the United States and South America would not be materially lessened, but a continent larger than Africa would appear about the South Pole, while North America would be connected with the British Isles and Europe through Greenland and Iceland, and with Asia in the region of Behring Strait by broad plains enclosing a land-locked Arctic Ocean about as large as the Mediterranean Sea.

Percheron Horse For Okanagan.

In order to obtain a better strain of horses, Okanagan farmers are importing many pure-bred sires. Recently, a syndicate of farmers paid ten thousand dollars for a prize-winning Percheron stallion.

Control of Pacific

Question Will Be Considered by the Imperial Conference in London in June.

Control of the Pacific, naval co-operation and the relations of Great Britain and the Dominions in foreign affairs, will be considered by the Imperial Conference in London in June, according to an announcement by Premier Hughes of Australia.

The Dominion premiers will be present, but all decisions reached must be ratified by the Dominion parliaments, Mr. Hughes said.

The Premier further stated that the Australian Government did not intend to prevent the return of Archbishop Mannix to this country.

The English police force is practically the only one in the world that is not armed.

ABLE TO DO HER WORK

After Long Suffering Mrs. Peasey Restored to Health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Toronto, Ont.—"I suffered with irregular menstruation, was weak and run down, could not eat and had headaches. The worst symptoms were dragging down pains, so bad I sometimes thought I would go crazy and I seemed to be smothering. I was in this condition for two or three years and could not seem to work."

"I tried all kinds of medicines and had been treated by physicians but received no benefit. I found one of your booklets and felt inclined to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I received the best results from it and now I keep house and go out to work and am like a new woman. I have recommended your Vegetable Compound to my friends and if these facts will help some poor woman use it, you will please."—Mrs. J. F. Peasey, 387 King St., Toronto, Ontario.

If you are one of these women do not suffer for four or five years as Mrs. Peasey did, but profit by her experience and be restored to health.



Send for
Book of
Recipes,
FREE!



In 2, 5, 10,
and
20-lb. tins

Hungry, romping children eat all the doughnuts they want—in homes where Mother uses Crown Brand Syrup when making them. It is a healthful, wholesome, highly nutritious food, recommended by highest authorities on diet. Fine as a spread, as a table syrup, for all baked dishes, icings and candies.

THE CANADA STARCH CO., LIMITED, MONTREAL

Crown Brand Syrup
"The Great Sweetener"

Thousands Trained At St. Dunstan's

Men Blinded in War Are Earning Good Living

Thousands of blind have been trained at St. Dunstan's Hostel for Blind Soldiers and Sailors, London. Twenty-three thousand men with damaged sight were discharged from the British army at the end of the war. The organization has been working for five years on the problem of rehabilitating these men and many have been returned to productive industry. The men are taught massage, poultry farming, hat making, basket making, book repairing, joinery and music. Many efficient stenographers, telephone operators and typists have been trained at St. Dunstan's and are now working at regular employment in London offices. The stenographers have a special machine which records Braille figures on a tape, which the stenographer later reads in transcribing his notes. The organization also extends to the colonies, and St. Dunstan's men are now to be found in every part of the world.

Rheumatism Relieved in 1 to 2 Days.
South American Rheumatic Remedy is a powerful medicine in the treatment of acute or inflammatory rheumatism, chronic rheumatism, lumbago, neuralgia, and all ailments due to rheumatism. It often cures in 1 to 3 days. At drugists.

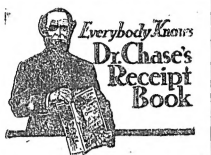
Manna Still Falling

United States Consul Writes From Mesopotamia of Peculiar Dew.

The feeding of the children of Israel upon manna from heaven during their 40 years of wandering in the wilderness en route to the land of Canaan, as related in the Bible, is not mere poetry and does not record a miracle. This is the conviction of Oscar S. Heizer, United States consul at Jerusalem, in an official report. Consul Heizer states that manna is found now in the regions of upper Mesopotamia and Kurdistan and along the Persian frontier. It falls, he says, in the form of dew.

Immediately after falling, the manna hardens and assumes the form of a grain. Early in the morning, before the heat of the day, it is gathered.

A diligent man can always find leisure, a lazy one never.—Anon.



And His Family Medicines

MOST people first knew Dr. Chase through his Receipt Book. Its reliability and usefulness made him friends everywhere.

When he put his Nerve Food, Kidney-Liver Pills and other medicines on the market they received a hearty welcome, and their exceptional merit has kept them high in the public esteem.

Take Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills for example. There is no treatment to be compared to them as a means of regulating the liver, kidneys and bowels and relieving constipation, biliousness, kidney disease and indigestion.

One pill a dose, 25c a box at all dealers, or Edmundson, Bates & Co., Ltd., Toronto.

**Dr. Chase's
Kidney-Liver Pills**

"Your Teeth"

By Rea Proctor-McGee, M.D., D.D.S., Editor of Oral Hygiene.

THE TOOTH BRUSH DRILL.

Copyright, 1921, by Rea Proctor McGee.

The size of the tooth brush, as well as its shape, is a matter of personal opinion. It would be reasonable to use a large brush for a large mouth, and a small brush for a small mouth. The bristles should be of medium stiffness and good quality. There must, of course, be a dentifrice; this may be any good tooth powder or paste, or merely clean soap. A good powder, however, is preferable to any other dentifrice. One of the main things is to brush the margins of the gums.

Silk floss for cleansing between the teeth is a splendid aid. During the last eight years of school dental clinics in Cincinnati, the following tooth-brush drill has been worked out and is used successfully to teach children how to clean their teeth:

1. Attention.—Hold brush up in right hand at the height of the shoulder, in front of child. (This is so as to be able to see that the brush is clean).
2. Upper Teeth.—1. Place brush in mouth, upper right, where the gum and teeth join. Turn down towards grinding surface eight times.
3. Brush upper front. Place on gum and turn down eight times.
4. Brush upper left. Place brush on gum, turn down eight times.
5. Brush upper right inside. Place brush on gum and turn down eight times.
6. Brush upper left inside. Place brush on gum and turn down eight times.
7. Brush upper front inside. Place brush vertically, brush down eight times.
8. Brush upper left side. Place brush on gum and turn down eight times.
9. Place brush on grinding surface of teeth, upper right, scrub forward and back eight times.
10. Place brush on grinding surface of teeth, upper left, scrub forward and back eight times.
11. Brush lower front. Place brush on gum, turn up eight times.
12. Brush lower left. Place brush on gum, turn up eight times.
13. Brush lower right inside. Place brush on gum, brush up eight times.
14. Brush lower front inside. Place brush vertically, brush up eight times.
15. Brush lower left inside. Place brush on gum, turn up eight times.
16. Place brush on grinding surface of teeth, lower right, scrub forward and back eight times.
17. Place brush on grinding surface of teeth, lower left, scrub forward and back eight times.

Attention.—Hold brush in right hand, in a clean place (See how clean the brush is now).

Last.—See that each child's brush is thoroughly rinsed with fresh water and put away in a clean place.

Soldiers' Civil Re-Establishment.

A total of 50,521 men were accepted for training by the department of Soldiers' Civil Re-Establishment from insurrection to the end of 1920, according to the annual report. Statistics compiled by the department show that 70 per cent. of the men who have graduated have been able to follow the line of their training. The number of patients treated during the past year was 23,591. In addition to these figures, outside clinics have been operated and 447,142 treatments given. The total expenditure of the department was \$27,671,493.

Ten wards in the city of Glasgow voted to abolish the saloons, the most revolutionary occurrence in Scotland in two centuries.

Recent experiments of injecting appendicitis patients with serum have been so successful that operations with the knife may soon be abolished.

Income Tax Figures

Eleven Canadians Paid Income Taxes On Incomes of \$200,000 or Over During Last Fiscal Year.

Eleven individuals paid income taxes on incomes of \$200,000 or over during the last fiscal year, according to the announcements made in the House of Commons. Altogether 122,588 people paid income taxes in 1918. Of this number, 12,774 were farmers. The total number paying income tax during 1917 was 53,730, including 8,962 farmers. The cost of administering the business profits tax act and the income tax during the fiscal year 1920 was \$1,051,537, as compared with \$495,797 in 1919, and \$108,196 in 1918.

Asbestos Found in Okanagan Valley.

A Dominion Government surveyor reports discoveries of asbestos in the Princeton district, and also west of Okanagan Falls in the Okanagan Valley.

Cramps! Cramps! Cramps! How To Stop Them Quick

When you have cramps, it is a mighty quick relief that you want. Good Old "Nerviline" is sure as death to relieve cramps in a hurry. Just a few drops in sweetened water, and the pain is gone. Buy a bottle of trusty old Nerviline to-day and keep it handy. Nerviline is a common household necessity, and is so useful in case of sudden illness at night, or when cramps, nausea, diarrhoea, vomiting or the like occurs. Sold everywhere in large 50-cent bottles.

Construction Work in West.

Contracts for building construction during January and February of this year in the western provinces totalled \$5,547,300 in value compared with \$3,900,900 during the first two months of 1920, \$2,657,000 in 1919, \$1,727,200 in 1918. The increase for this year is taken as an indication that Western Canada is handling its West-end programme of deferred building.

NOTHING TO EQUAL BABY'S OWN TABLETS

Mrs. Georges Lefevre, St. Zenon, Que., writes: "I do not think there is any other medicine to equal Baby's Own Tablets for little ones. I have used them for my baby and would use nothing else." What Mrs. Lefevre says thousands of other mothers say. They have found by trial that the Tablets always do just what is claimed for them. The Tablets are a mild but thorough laxative which regulate the bowels and soothe the stomach and thus banish indigestion, constipation, colds, colic, etc. They are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Electricity From the Air

Prof. Paulson Declares the Atmosphere is a Storehouse of Electricity.

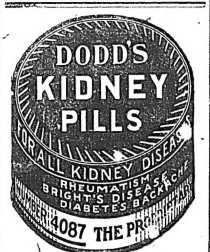
Prof. Paulson, of Hamburg, declares that the atmosphere is a storehouse of electricity, and he believes that unlimited supplies of the "juice" can be extracted from that source.

He suggests that balloons be used as collecting antennae. They should have metallic surface bristling with points. Sent up in groups, and connected with an aerial network of conducting wires, they would gather electricity at an elevation of three hundred yards and transmit it by wire to suitably equipped stations on the earth.

This could be drawn out of the sky a continuous high-frequency current which might be employed for all sorts of useful purposes, including electro-chemistry and electro-metallurgy. Energy thus obtained would be much cheaper than what coal could be carried in desert areas and over lakes, so as not to occupy territory valuable for agriculture or other purposes.

Corns are caused by the pressure of tight boots, but no one need be troubled with them long when so simple a remedy as Holloway's Corn Remover is available.

A race of 40,000 head-hunting cannibals declared to be the smallest human beings, as a race, was recently discovered by an explorer in the New Hebrides.



How Zam-Buk Banished MY PILES

"I suffered severely from piles," writes Mr. James Ruddy, of Killaloe, Ont. "At times it was unbearable. I had tried one after another of the so-called 'pile-remedies,' but continued every bit as bad as ever until I connected the Zam-Buk treatment. To my joy this herbal healing balm speedily relieved the burning irritation. Perseverance banished the piles completely. For piles apply Zam-Buk at night and let it do what you sleep. Zam-Buk is refined herbal essence specifically soothe and heal the inflamed tissues—take away the burning pain and aching itching the itching also can. Zam-Buk is also the finest possible remedy for eczema, ulcers, ringworm, poisoned sores, burns, scalds, and boils, chafes and other spring skin troubles. 50c. box \$1 for \$1.25. All dealers or from Zam-Buk Co., Toronto.

Sea Otter Returns To Alaskan-Waters

Has Been Considered Extinct Along the Coast for Twenty Years.

Mail reports from the Alutian islands state that many sea otter have migrated to the Alaskan coast from Kamchatka and the Kurile Islands of Siberia. For twenty years the sea otter has been considered extinct all along the coast of the territory, and the price for the beautiful coat is king. Just why the otter was found to be so abundant on the islands of the Siberian coast and not in Alaska is a puzzle.

Sentenced To Death. No Appeal Possible.

The death warrant is passed out every day in corn. It is treated with Putnam's Corn Extractor. It means the end of the corn. Putnam's lifts out corns, root and branch, and never fails. Refuse any substitute for Putnam's. 25c everywhere.

Large Taking of Whitefish Eggs

50,000,000 Whitefish Eggs Have Been Placed in Hatchery at Lake Winnipegosis.

The Dominion Fisheries Branch reports that upwards of 50,000,000 whitefish eggs have been placed in the Smoke Island hatchery, Lake Winnipegosis. These eggs were collected at the mouth of the Watrous River, which carries the discharge of Lake Winnipegosis to Waterhen Lake, thence to Lake Manitoba. With Lake Winnipegosis freezing early in November, the greatest difficulty was experienced in securing the eggs, the tug and outfit finding it necessary to winter at the egg-collecting camp. The collection of 1920 is treble the quantity collected the previous year.

States With Indian Names.

Of the forty-eight states in the United States, twenty-five bear names of Indian origin, while twelve are English, six Spanish, three French and two may be said to have U.S. names—Washington and Indiana.

"Cold in the Head"

is an acute attack of Nasal Catarrh. Persons who are subject to frequent "colds in the head" find that the use of HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE will build up the system, clear the blood and render them less liable to colds. Repetited attacks of Acute Catarrh may lead to Chronic Catarrh. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is taken internally and acts through the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system. All Druggists 75c. Testimonials free. Attach one of our circulars that HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE will not cure. E. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Civilized man requires about 25 years to grow up, the savage about 15.

Minard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia

Some seventy periodicals printed in Esperanto, the so-called universal language, are now published.

Muscular Rheumatism Subdued.

When one is a sufferer from muscular rheumatism he cannot do better than to have the region rubbed with Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. Let the rubbing be brisk and continue until relief is secured. There is more virtue in a bottle of it than can be fully estimated.

Municipal Hospitals in Alberta.

Eight municipal hospitals were in operation in Alberta during the past year, and four new hospital districts established. Schemes ratified by ratepayers up to the end of the year, provide for 196 beds, and during the year, 2,439 patients were admitted to those hospitals in operation. The rural tax rate for the support of the hospitals varied from 2 1/2 cents an acre to 4 cents per acre.

W. N. U. 1363

The Foulard Dress Is Again in Style



By Marie Belmont.

Many charming modes are evolved from foulards. This dress of foulard reveals the effective use of ribbon as a trimming. The ground is a beautiful shade of rose and it is patterned in small designs in navy blue. The collar is made of navy blue ribbon, which is also used to outline the front and hem of the skirt. The latter is irregular in length, which is one of the distinctive features in the new frocks. The belt is a piece of navy blue ribbon. Navy ribbon in plain weave is used for the jaunty hat that gives a dashing finish to this gown.

No More Asthma. Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy shows the death knell of this trying trouble. It stops the awful choking and painful breathing. It guards against night attacks and gives renewed ability to sleep and rest the whole night long. Much is claimed for this remedy, but nothing but what can be demonstrated by a trial. If you suffer from asthma try it and convince yourself of its great value.

Romans Used Lead Coffins.

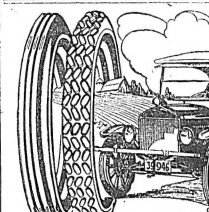
When digging under English cities such as London and York, lead coffins encased in lead coffins are occasionally unearthed. These coffins were buried by the Romans who used lead for a great variety of purposes. The lead was mined in Wales and contained, as do many lead deposits, a large quantity of silver.

Fisherman's Friend

The Original and Only Genuine



YARMOUTH, N. S.



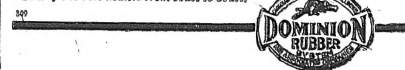
"The second blow-out in a week! Why don't you get good tires?"

DOMINION TIRES ARE GOOD TIRES

DOMINION TIRES are the same quality, no matter what the size. DOMINION "NOBBY TREAD" 30 x 3 1/4 Tires for Ford, Chevrolet, Gray Dorr, Overland and other light cars are the same design, same material, same construction as the big "NOBBY TREADS" for Pierce-Arrows and Packards. You get the mileage when you ride on "DOMINION TIRES".

There are Dominion Tires for every car and every purpose—DOMINION INNER TUBES, too—and a complete line of DOMINION TIRE ACCESSORIES.

Sold by the best dealers from coast to coast.

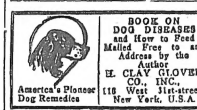


Cause of Early Old Age

The celebrated Dr. Michenoff, an authority on early old age, says that it is "caused by poisons generated in the intestine." When your stomach digests food properly it is absorbed without forming poisonous matter. Poisons bring on early old age and premature death. 15 to 30 drops of "Seigel's Syrup" after meals makes your digestion sound.

Wool's Cotton Root Compound

A safe, reliable, restorative medicine. Sold in three sizes: 25c, 50c, \$1.00. 25c bottle 2 1/2 oz. 50c bottle 5 oz. \$1.00 bottle 10 oz. Sold by all druggists, or sent by mail on receipt of price. Free pamphlet. Address THE WOOL'S COTTON ROOT CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Wilkes)



It is always safe to send a Dominion Express Money Order. Five dollars costs three cents.

D. D. D. D.

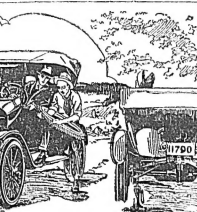
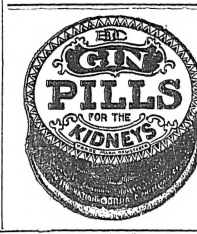
PURIFIES THE BLOOD AND BUILDS UP THE SYSTEM. Will aid the following constitutional diseases: Weak Stomach, Biliousness, Sick Headache, Indigestion, Gastritis, Loss of Appetite, Constipation, Liver and Kidney Trouble, Rheumatism, Eczema, Skin Disease, and Scabies. Weakness. Price \$1.00 at your local Druggist or from THE D. D. D. D. REMEDY CO., Chicago, Ill., U.S.A.

Motors and Good Roads

Good roads mean money in the pocket of every automobile owner. They mean comfort to the body of every automobile rider. Efficiency and economy of operation pay large and certain dividends on every dollar invested in highway improvements. As these improvements are extended even the man who neither drives nor rides on the open highway will take his profit from improved transportation of farm products and more rapid and economical communication in business and industry—Chicago Tribune.

Minard's Liniment For Burns, Etc.

With the going good, an Eskimo dog will draw an average of 300 pounds weight for thirty-five miles in one day.



"The second blow-out in a week! Why don't you get good tires?"

DOMINION TIRES ARE GOOD TIRES

DOMINION TIRES are the same quality, no matter what the size. DOMINION "NOBBY TREAD" 30 x 3 1/4 Tires for Ford, Chevrolet, Gray Dorr, Overland and other light cars are the same design, same material, same construction as the big "NOBBY TREADS" for Pierce-Arrows and Packards. You get the mileage when you ride on "DOMINION TIRES".

There are Dominion Tires for every car and every purpose—DOMINION INNER TUBES, too—and a complete line of DOMINION TIRE ACCESSORIES.

Sold by the best dealers from coast to coast.



APPLES!

Do you think it is economy to buy evaporated fruits when fresh apples can be bought at so reasonable a price. These apples offered are The O.K. brand and all wrapped. They are in nice condition and should keep for weeks.

40 Boxes No. 2 Johnathan at \$2.50
30 " No. 2 Wagners at \$2.50
15 " No. 1 Johnathan at \$2.75
30 " No. 1 Spitz, Pippins Grimes
Golden and Ontario varieties at
\$3.00 per Box.

The early buyers get better choice of sizes.

J. R. MILLER

Quality Counts!

We are enjoying a good trade these days, because all our customers know that they can depend on procuring the highest quality in hardware from us.

SEE US FOR

Formaldehyde, Bluestone, Hangers and Slacks,
Sweat Pads, Meyer's Stock Food and
Stock Remedies
Do not forget our SUR-SHOT Bot and Worm Remover.

"Yours for Service and satisfaction"

We sell Newcastle Coal



Just received a large shipment of
Tires and Ford Repairs
The Service Garage
Chinook, Alberta

W. W. ISBISTER
GENERAL BLACKSMITH

Coulters and Disc Sharpeners
Chinook, Alta

Horse-shoeing and General Wood Work
Repairing.

Subscribe for
Chinook Advance
\$1.50 Year

Don't Put Off Building
Start in Right Now

Present prices are not the high war prices, but are the staple prices which are likely to remain. This applies to your products as well as your purchases.

The only possible economy is to place your orders where you are sure of receiving full value for your money. We carry a full line of Building Material. Also Posts and Barb Wire.

No. 12 is the phone number for "Quality and Service".

Imperial Lumber Yards, Ltd.

R. W. HAMON, manager
Chinook, Alberta

ATTACKING THE GOPHER

How to reduce the number of gophers is a problem that seems near solution in Saskatchewan. The Department of Agriculture that province, in 1920, conducted a gopher contest in the schools, with the result that 1,798 schools entered, and 2,019,233 gophers were destroyed, at a cost to the department of \$3,159.75, or 15¢ cent each. What this reduction in the number of gophers means in the saving of foodstuffs is hard to estimate, but it would be very great, as an analysis of the pouches of one pocket gopher showed 357 kernels of whole oats.

Alberta's Agricultural Schools

By her school of agriculture policy Alberta has taken the lead, if not positively in agricultural education, at least in definite and specific instruction for the young in the requisites of farming as a vocation. No province has neglected the subject, but none has gone more directly to its root, and by its creation of six schools of agriculture the province has attracted enviable attention to itself. By means of these schools nearly a thousand young people have been equipped for their life work. When it is stated that, from funds supplied under the Dominion Agricultural Instruction Act alone, a no smaller sum than \$300,000 has been employed in the last half dozen years in Canada in the building, equipping and maintenance of such schools, some idea of the benefits derived from the grants under the Act can be obtained. Official reports show that in 1919-20, of the \$66,965 which is Alberta's share of \$1,100,000 granted annually by the Dominion for division between the provinces, \$38,000 was devoted to the Alberta schools of agriculture. In the same year \$9,000 was allotted to instruction in woman's work, and \$2,500 to the poultry and egg-marketing service. In the same year there was allotted \$10,000 to the agricultural representative system. School farms, based chiefly on school garden work, and school clubs for the rearing of poultry, calves, colts and pigs, are conducted under the direction of teachers from the schools of agriculture with the assistance of the agricultural representatives, and are increasing in number and importance every year. In 1919-20, for instance, 40 school farms, representing 440 schools and 6,000 pupils, were held, with approximately 25,000 exhibits.

Have you ever heard of The Herald Sunshine Society? It is conducted by The Herald Publishing Company and is of particular importance and value to the community of Calgary and outlying districts. Since the 1st of January 1921 The Herald Sunshine Society has looked after 300 needy families, supplying fuel, food and clothing, providing employment for men and women out of work and caring for from eighteen to twenty children every day at the Day Nursery supported by this society. People desiring information are encouraged to make use of The Herald Women's Department for this purpose.

If you are not already a subscriber to The Herald send your subscription to-day to:
C. W. Rideout
A. B. Hughes
J. G. McCulloch

Chinook
Cereal
Scotfield

Ladies Card Club

The first meeting of the ladies card club held Tuesday evening, April 5, at the home of Mrs. M. J. Hewitt, was enjoyed by all. Mrs. R. R. Dunn won the prize with 145 points. The prize being a pretty string of beads.

Farm Life

"The main single deficiency in rural life today is the lack of enough of the right kind of education. The general lack of scientific knowledge relating to farming and to the needs of rural home life, on the part of rural people, has long been a common observation. Conversely then, the main single remedy which must be applied to the rural life problem is educational, and consists largely in a re-direction of rural education itself. By means of a re-directed education, we hope to disseminate knowledge relating to rural life needs and problems; to teach young people agricultural facts and fundamental principles, to awaken a deep love for the open country on the part of those born there, and desire to live there; to develop better standards of taste for estimating pleasures and attractions outside the farm; to stir into action community forces which are now dormant; and to make of the rural school a strong and efficient social centre, working for the up-building of all the varied interests of a healthy rural life."—A. C. Gorham, M. Sc., in Rural Education Monthly.

The Alberta Department of Agriculture has succeeded in securing a Percheron stallion of superior quality for the use of horse breeders in the province. The animal purchased is "Job" bred in France, for a number of years at the head of the breeding farm of Mr. Dunhams, Wayne Ill. "Job" is eleven years old and has a most successful breeding record. The price paid was \$8,000.

Services will be held next Sunday at Laughlin at 11 a.m., and Chinook at 7:30 p.m.

**Lawns, Terracing
Grading and
Seeding**

**Cement and Gravel
Walks**

Make your home beautiful by frosting it with a Velvet Lawn. Some trees and a trim of flowers. Let me quote you a price for the Lawnwork necessary to make your home worth kodaing this summer.

Phone me for an estimate on your work.

Jas. Pettigrew,
Chinook.

E. J. Bridgeman,
B. A., Opt. D.

Honor Graduate Can. Ophthalmic College, of Toronto

Eyesight Specialist
and Professional Optometrist,
SASKATOON

Eyes Examined Glasses Supplied

Will be at

CHINOOK

On Friday, April 22nd

Financial Statement Of the Village of Chinook Year Ending 1920

Receipts—	
Balance from previous year	\$87.21
Current Taxes	1055.87
Arrears Taxes	1038.00
Supp. Revenue Tax	51.18
Business Tax	729.02
Dog taxes, Licenses and Fines	142.03
Proceeds of Notes	297.45
Fax Sale Costs	35.70
Commission from Dept. for Supp. Revenue Tax col.	98
Receipts from Other Sources (sundries)	181.31
Collected for Chinook Consolidated S.D.	1645.00
Redemption of Loans sold at Tax Sale	497.90
Total	\$5313.47
Disbursements	
Office Expenses	\$21.68
Light Expenses	51.40
Postages, Printing and Stationery	79.29
Salaries	200.00
Fire Dept.	15.00
Health Dept.	195.50
Public Works	1302.01
Debt Service Payments	461.40
Notes Paid	300.00
Dept. of Mun. Affairs on account of Supp. Rev. Tax. 41.09	
Miscellaneous Sundries	397.74
School Taxes paid over	1679.10
Bank Balance	479.74
Cash Balance	89.45
Total	\$5313.47

Golden Centre Municipality to Hold Nomination Meeting April 16th.

At the 13th meeting of the Council of the M.D. of Golden Centre, held April 6, it was decided to hold nomination at 10:30-5 p.m. on Saturday, April 16.

The Dept. of Municipal Affairs advised 15 p.m. increase of valuation submitted by the council. Four district highways leading to Cereal, Laughlin, Exel and Oyen were recommended to the Dept. of Public Works. The Dept. of Municipal Affairs was requested to advise if mortgagee is privileged to redeem land sold at Tax Sale. The Dept. of Municipal Affairs was appealed to for aid in securing funds to meet demands of School.

A number of accounts were paid. As soon as funds are available the following advances are to be made:

Craig Murray S.D. 700
Longdale S.D. 600
Naco S.D. 40
Lawndale S.D. 500
Riddellvale S.D. 250
Cop Hill S.D. 250

Coun. Anderson made report of Annual meeting of Hail Insurance District.

Dept. of Interior was requested to send Homestead Inspector and investigate duties done by entrants of numerous parcels of unoccupied land.

The Council will meet again on Saturday, April 16.

FOR SALE or Trade—One bay gelding, 4 years old, weight about 1300 lbs., for good fresh milk cow. Also Big Bay Gelding for sale. F. G. Rosnau, 32-28-8, 4, Chinook.

FOR SALE—Brome grass "Golden Standard" at 18¢ per lb. Guaranteed clean. Sample may be seen at Dobson's barn, Chinook. Apply to Geo. McIntosh, 17-29-6, Cereal.

The Acadia Hotel

First Class Rooms

Restaurant in Connection
REGULAR MEALS 50¢.
J. L. CARTER, Prop.

L. E. Ormond, B.A., LL.B.

Graduate of University of St. Francis
Xavier's College and Dalhousie
Law School.

**Barrister, Solicitor, -
Notary Public**

Advice re Land Settlement, etc., free to returned soldiers
HANNA AND CHINOOK
Chinook Office in charge of
D. Bell, B.A.

M. L. CHAPMAN

Chinook, Alta.

GENERAL DRAYING

All orders promptly attended to

The White Horse Restaurant And Bakery

Meals at all hours. All kinds of
Tobacco, Cigars and Soft Drinks

We Employ Waitstaff.



**Crocus Lodge, No. U.D.G.R.A.
A. F. & A. M.**

Meets at 8 p.m. the Wednesday on or after the full moon.
Visiting brethren cordially welcomed.

W. W. ISBISTER,
W. M.

CHAS. WYLIE,
Secretary

Walter M. Crockett
LL.B.

Barrister, Solicitor, Notary
MONEY TO LOAN.

Special attention given to collections
Chinook, Alta.
In Chinook every Friday at
the Acadia Hotel.

M. D. of Collinole

The Council of the M.D. of Collinole, No. 243, will give a bounty of three cents for each gopher killed within its boundaries by residents of the municipality before the first day of June, 1921. Tails to be delivered here that date to the Council for the division.

Also three cash prizes of \$12.00, \$8 and \$5.00, respectively will be awarded to the three persons in each division securing securing the largest number of tails.

LORNE PROUDFOOT,
Sec.-Treas.

WANTED

Three Road Foremen wanted by the M.D. of Collinole, for 1921, salary \$7.00 per day. Apply to the Secretary or to any one of the Councilors before May 15th.

Lorne Proudfoot,
Sec.-Treas.

WEED INSPECTORS

Weed Inspectors wanted for the M.D. of Collinole, for 1921. Salary \$8.00 per day. Apply to the Secretary or to one of the Councilors before the 1st day of May.

Lorne Proudfoot,
Sec.-Treas.